# 2015 Point-In-Time Homeless Count Report





Adult Services Division

**Administration** 

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We extend our sincerest appreciation to the agencies that allowed their staff to volunteer for the PIT Count:

All Print USA
Alzheimer's Association
BBVA Compass Bank
Calvary Presbyterian Church
City of Perris Housing Authority
City of Cathedral City
Commission on Disabilities,
Communities Advocating for Resident Empowerment

Community Access Center
Community Catalysts of California
Community Settlement Association Riverside

CSU Fullerton
CSU San Marcos
Discovery Christian Church
EMQ Families First
Flood Control
Free Indeed Christian Fellowship

HomeAid Inland Empire Church of Jesus Christ Latter Day Saints

Church of Jesus Christ Latter Day Saints La Sierra University

Lexus of Riverside
LightHouse Social Service Centers
Lighthouse Treatment Center
Mecca Family Resource Center
Path of Life Ministries

Pathway Project & Common Ground Corona
PW Enhancement Center
Registrar of Voters
Riverside County Board of Supervisors
Riverside County Code Enforcement
Riverside County Executive Office
Riverside County Department of Mental Health
Riverside County Department of Public Health
Riverside County Department of Public Social Services
Riverside County Department of Veterans Services
Riverside County Economic Development Agency

Saint Catherines of Alexander
Sprackflower Foundation
T.B. Development LLC
Temecula Veteran's Center
The Grove Community Church
The Turning Point Pentecostal Church
University of Southern California
U.S. Airforce

U.S. Vets

United Domestic Workers of America Veterans Administration Loma Linda Veterans Alliance of Southern California Veterans of Foreign Wars VitalCare We also appreciate the agencies who allowed their staff to volunteer for the separate Youth Count:

Court Appointed Special Advocates (CASA)

Desert AIDS Project

Get Tested Coachella Valley

Operation SafeHouse

Path of Life Ministries

Rising Stars Academy

Riverside County Probation Department
Riverside County Department of Public Social Services
Shepard of Valley Lutheran Church
The Farmstead Market
The S.A.F.E.R. Program
Victor Community Support Services

DPSS partnered with Operation SafeHouse to conduct the Youth Count. Together, these agencies played a crucial role in the planning, development, and implementation of the Youth Count. We are sincerely grateful for our partnership with Operation SafeHouse.

In addition, we would like to thank all of the Key Leaders and agencies who helped promote, develop, and coordinate the street-based counts in their respective areas (see table on page 4):

City/Community	Key Leader(s)	Additional Agency Support		
Banning	Debbie Franklin	Banning City Hall		
Danning	City of Banning	Banning Police Department		
Beaumont	Officer Nathan Lunt  Beaumont Police  Department	Beaumont City Hall		
Dedamont	Marcedes McFayden	Beaumont Police Department		
Calimesa	Matthew Evans City of Calimesa	Calimesa City Hall		
	Mallory Sutterfield	Blythe City Hall		
Blythe	City of Blythe	Blythe Police Department		
Lake Elisnore,	Nicole Dailey	Lake Elsinore City Hall		
Canyon Lake, Wildomar	City of Lake Elsinore	Lake Elsinore Police Department		
	Vincent Lopez	Cathedral City Hall		
Cathedral City	City of Cathedral City	Cathedral City Police Department		
	21.6.1	Palm Springs City Hall		
Palm Springs	Dale Cook	Palm Springs Police Department		
0 1 11	ng lyay l	Coachella City Hall		
Coachella	Mark Weber	Coachella Police Department		
	Ally Anderson	Indio City Hall		
Indio	ABC Recovery Center			
	Jesus Gomez	Indio Police Department		
	Maria Machuca	Mecca City Hall		
Mecca	Department of Public Social Services	Mecca Police Department		
Corona	Lieutenant March Johnson	Corona City Hall		
Corona	Corona Police Department	Corona Police Department		
Jurupa Valley,	Deputy Aaron Avila	Jurupa Valley City Hall		
Eastvale, Norco	Riverside Sheriff	Jurupa Valley Sheriff's Department		
	Joe McKee	DHS City Hall		
Desert Hot Springs	Desert Hot Springs City Councilman	DHS Police Department		

City/Community	Key Leader(s)	Additional Agency Support		
	Carla Callahan	Hemet City Hall		
Hemet	City of Hemet	Tieniet City Tian		
riemet	Bruce Bennet	W . D ! D		
	Valley Restart	Hemet Police Department		
	Deputy Daniel Milbrandt			
Indian Wells	Sheriff's Department	Indian Wells City Hall		
	David Gassaway			
	Christina Calderon	La Quinta City Hall		
La Quinta	Robert Ambriz	La Quinta Police Department		
	Frankie Riddle	C in i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
	City of Palm Desert	Palm Desert City Hall		
Palm Desert	Amy Lawrence			
	City of Palm Desert	Palm Desert Police Department		
	Monica Sapien	Riverside City Hall		
Riverside	City of Riverside Access	Riverside Police Department		
	Center	City of Riverside		
Perris	Sara Cortes de Pavon	Perris City Hall		
1 CITIS	City of Perris	Perris Police Department		
Menifee	Margarita Cornejo	Menifee City Hall		
Mennee	City of Menifee	Menifee Police Department		
	Mark Houck			
	PW Enhancement Center	Moreno Valley City Hall		
	Karen Young-Lowe			
Moreno Valley	Lighthouse Social Services Center			
	Isa Rojas	Moreno Valley Police Department		
	City of Moreno Valley			
	Eva Krottmayer			
Murrieta	Department of Public Social Services	Murrieta City Hall		
n l se	D '11 T17'I	Rancho Mirage City Hall		
Rancho Mirage	Britt Wilson	Rancho Mirage Police Department		
	Robin Gilliland	Temecula City Hall		
Temecula	City of Temecula	Temecula Police Department		

We would also like to thank all of the agencies who permitted Key Leaders and Site Coordinators to use their facilities as Deployment Centers (see list below). Deployment Centers were used as a place for volunteers to gather, receive instructions, safety reminders, supplies, incentives, maps, and team assignments.

ABC Recovery Center
Autohaus Frankfurt
Banning Police Department
Beaumont City Hall
Blythe City Hall
Calimesa City Hall
Cathedral City Hall
City of Lake Elsinore
City of Riverside Access Center
Coachella City Hall
Corona Police Department
Desert Hot Springs Family Resource Center
Hemet City Hall

Indian Wells City Hall
Jurupa Valley Sheriff Station
Kay Ceniceros Senior Center
La Quinta City Hall
Moreno Valley City Hall
Palm Desert City Hall
Palm Springs City Hall
Perris Senior Center
Rancho Mirage City Hall
St. Michael's Catholic Church
Temecula City Hall
Turning Point Church

Thank you to all city leaders and city managers for working to increase public awareness about the Riverside County PIT Homeless Count.

In addition to the street-based and youth counts, the service-based count relied on a number of service agencies that either surveyed their clients on our behalf or permitted us to send volunteers to survey their clients. These agencies included:

Community Pantry
Community Settlement Association
Family Services of the Desert
Harmony Kitchen
Kansas Avenue Seventh Day Adventist Church
Lutheran Church
Martha's Village & Kitchen
Presbyterian Church
Riverside Salvation Army
Corona Settlement House
St. Michael's Episcopal Church
The Church of St. Paul's in the Desert /
Well in the Desert
Valley Restart Shelter

We express our deep gratitude to the individuals and organizations who donated money and personal care items to the PIT Homeless Count, including, but not limited to:

Arlington Temporary Assistance Catholic Charities (Riverside) Community Pantry of Hemet Kmart of Riverside (Arlington) Menifee Community Pantry Path of Life Ministries
Target of Palm Desert (Highway 111)
Walmart of Indio (Avenue 42)
Walmart of Riverside (Van Buren)
Whiteside Manor

These generous donations helped assemble 2,350 incentive bags which included a pair of socks, a bar of soap, a resource card, and either a knit cap or pair of gloves. These incentive bags were given to homeless individuals who completed our survey during the unsheltered street-based and service-based counts on January 28, 2015.

Finally, we would like to thank the members of the Continuum of Care (CoC) PIT Count Ad Hoc Committee for their insightful comments and feedback regarding the preliminary PIT Count data and the Institute for Urban Initiatives for serving as an ad hoc consultant throughout the PIT Count process, Riverside County Information Technology for their incredible turnaround time generating maps that were distributed to volunteers during the PIT streetbased count, and Riverside County DPSS Purchasing Department for quickly processing all PIT Count-related purchase requests. Thank you to DPSS staff for translating the interview survey into Spanish. A special thank you also to Riverside County DPSS, Adult Services Division, Administration and Homeless Programs Units, who partnered together to plan, coordinate, develop, and implement the 2015 PIT Homeless Count. Our sincere gratitude goes out to our data entry volunteers from DPSS Adult Services Division, Administration, Homeless Programs Unit, and the Public Authority.

The County of Riverside, Department of Public Social Services
Adult Services Division
PIT Count Planning Team

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## **Executive Summary**

The 2015 Point-In-Time Homeless Count and survey, conducted on January 28, 2015, identified 1,587 'unsheltered and 883 sheltered homeless people (total = 2,470) in Riverside County, California. Data collected during the count reflects a snapshot of Riverside County's homeless population at one particular point in time.

The 2015 unsheltered count methodology consisted of a street-based count, service-based count, magnet events, Department of Mental Health (DMH) homeless outreach count, and a separate youth count. A total of 533 volunteers were deployed across Riverside County to successfully count and survey the unsheltered homeless population. PIT Count data was deduplicated using an algorithm to generate a unique ID for each individual counted which utilized several fields of information from the survey. This process allowed data analysts to easily identify and eliminate duplicate records using a statistical database program. Compared to the 2013 PIT Count (n = 1,888), the number of unsheltered homeless people counted decreased by 16% in 2015 to 1,587.

The sheltered count methodology consisted of data extracted from the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) to identify sheltered homeless individuals on the night of January 27, 2015. Compared to the 2013 PIT Count (n = 1,090), the number of sheltered homeless people decreased by 19% in 2015 to 883.

DPSS staff and our community partners from Riverside County's Continuum of Care have identified the following factors that may have contributed to the overall countywide decrease: (a) increased HUD funding to provide supportive services to veterans and their families; (b) increased funding for the Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (HUD-VASH) program that provides rental assistance for homeless Veterans; (c) the Veterans Assistance Leadership of Riverside County (VALOR) initiative was implemented in May 2013 with the vision to end veteran homelessness in Riverside County; (d) an increase of 640 new HUD-funded permanent housing beds for homeless individuals and families throughout the county; and (e) inclement weather on the days leading up to and during the PIT Count in some cities and unincorporated areas may have caused homeless people to vacate identified encampment areas.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The number of unsheltered homeless reported in the 2015 Point-in-Time Homeless Count Report (unsheltered = 1,587; sheltered = 883; total = 2,470) differs from the number reported in HUD's 2015 HDX Submission Portal (unsheltered = 1,483; sheltered = 884; total = 2,367). This discrepancy was due to requirements of the HDX system, which required using a statically reliable method for estimating the demographic characteristics of people for whom data are missing. In contrast, County's methodology was based on actual counts and included no statistical estimations.

### Introduction

The Point-In-Time (PIT) Homeless Count is a count and survey of Riverside County's sheltered and unsheltered homeless population. Riverside County's Department of Public Social Services (DPSS), in partnership with Riverside County's Continuum of Care, is required to conduct this biannual count in late January. The Continuum of Care (CoC) is a network of private- and public-sector homeless service providers, designed to promote community-wide planning and the strategic use of resources to address homelessness.

The PIT Count is federally-mandated by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to count and survey the homeless population in Riverside County. Each count is planned, coordinated, and carried out locally. Data collected during the count reflects a *snapshot* of Riverside County's homeless population at one particular point-in-time and is required to: continue receiving federal funding for homeless programs, develop strategies to end homelessness, help homeless individuals and families who are in need, and to produce a full report of homeless people in Riverside County to provide to HUD. In 2014, Riverside County's Continuum of Care was awarded \$9.8 million to fund homeless programs and services.

HUD defines "homeless" as (a) persons who are living in a place not designed or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for humans (i.e., abandoned buildings, cars, parks, under bridges, bus stops, etc.) and (b) persons living in emergency shelters and transitional housing projects<sup>2</sup>. It is important to note that HUD's definition does not include households that are below the poverty line or those individuals that are "near-homeless." Although the Combat Poverty Agency recommends that the definition of homelessness should include people who are "at risk" of homelessness such as individuals who are below the poverty line, HUD does not embrace this definition<sup>3</sup>. In addition, HUD identifies people to exclude from the count<sup>4</sup>:

- (a) Persons counted in any location not listed on the CoCs' Housing Inventory Count (HIC)
- (b) Persons residing in permanent housing (PH) programs, including persons housed using HUD Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (VASH) vouchers
- (c) Persons temporarily staying with family or friends (i.e., "doubled-up" or "couch surfing")
- (d) Persons residing in housing they rent or own (i.e., permanent housing), including persons residing in rental housing with assistance from a RRH project on the night of the count
- (e) Persons residing in institutions (e.g., jails, juvenile correction facilities, foster care, hospital beds, detox centers).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 2014 Point-In-Time HUD Methodology Guide, p. 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Combat Poverty Agency (2005). *Review of Homeless Strategy*. Submission to the Department of Environment, Heritage & Local Government, p. 10.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 2014 Point-In-Time HUD Methodology Guide, p. 30

## Methodology

#### Overview

The 2015 Point-In-Time (PIT) Homeless Count unsheltered methodology consisted of five primary components:

- a) Street-based count on January 28, 2015 between 5:00am 9:00am
- b) Service-based count on January 28, 2015 between 7:00am 7:00pm
- c) Magnet events on January 28, 2015, between 6:00am 9:00am (Lake Elsinore only)
- d) Department of Mental Health (DMH) Homeless Outreach between January 28, 2015 February 3, 2015 (seven-day period of time to cover unincorporated areas throughout Riverside County, including Census Designated Places)
- e) Youth count, including
  - a. Magnet events on January 27, 2015 between 3:00pm 6:00pm
  - b. Street-based youth count on January 28, 2015 between 3:00pm 6:00pm
  - c. Mobile outreach teams in Lake Elsinore and Beaumont during the youth street-based count on January 28, 2015 between 3:00pm 6:00pm.

The 2015 PIT Count unsheltered methodology differed from the 2013 PIT Count Methodology in that *more* methods were implemented (street-based count, service-based count, magnet events, DMH homeless outreach count, and a separate youth count) in order to more accurately count the homeless population. In 2013, only two methods were used (a street-based count and DMH homeless outreach count). By including additional methods, the 2015 PIT Count utilized a much more thorough and rigorous overall methodology relative to previous years. See Table 1 below for a summary of PIT Count methodologies.

Table 1. Comparison of PIT Count Unsheltered Methodology

PIT Count Unsheltered Methodology							
2013	2015						
Street-based count (included limited service-based locations)	Street-based count						
locations)	Service-based count						
Magnet events (Lake Elsinore only)	Magnet events (Lake Elsinore only)						
Department of Mental Health Homeless Outreach (seven-day period of time to cover the unincorporated areas)	Department of Mental Health Homeless Outreach (seven-day period of time to cover the unincorporated areas)						
cover the unincorporated areas)	Youth count						

Subsequent sections will further compare the 2013 and 2015 PIT Count unsheltered methodologies. In 2015, specific attention was given to city engagement and survey development as opportunities to increase the accuracy of the PIT Count.

# **City Engagement**

The PIT Count Planning Team made several changes from the method of city engagement used in 2013. For example, DPSS made efforts to engage city leaders and establish deployments centers in each city, a thorough list of census designated places was incorporated into the street-based count, and a majority of the deployment centers had an assigned DPSS Site Coordinator. These changes resulted in more city engagement than in previous PIT Count years. See Table 2 below for additional comparisons between 2013 and 2015.

City Engagement							
2013	2015						
Unclear if deployment centers were attempted in each city	Deployment centers attempted in each city (25 out of 29 cities had deployment centers)						
Designated red zones	Did NOT designate red zones, but rather attempted to engage every city						
Included 26 census designated places (unincorporated areas)	Included 53 census designated places (unincorporated areas)						

Table 2. Comparison of City Engagement

Did NOT use DPSS Site Coordinators

Red zones were designated in 2013 but not in 2015. Red zones were places in which community representatives indicated there were no homeless people, therefore no volunteers were sent to those areas.

81% of the deployment centers had an

assigned DPSS Site Coordinator

Volunteers took on more of a coordination role during previous PIT Counts. However, in 2015 the PIT Count Planning Team determined that deployment centers needed more resources and coordination. Therefore, DPSS Site Coordinators were implemented. These individuals worked in tandem with community Key Leaders. Their role was primarily to assist the Key Leaders who were in charge at each deployment center during the street-based count. It is important to note that some Key Leaders elected not to use a DPSS Site Coordinator as they felt confident with their abilities and available resources to conduct the count.

### **Survey Development**

Three versions of the interview survey instrument were piloted in order to assess the clarity and the ease of asking and/or answering the PIT Count survey questions. The survey that was selected for implementation was a modified version of the 2015 HUD Model Survey. Specifically, the survey tools that were piloted were: (a) the version of the survey that was used during the 2013 Point-In-Time Count; (b) a version that was nearly identical to the 2015 HUD Model Interview Survey; and (c) a modified tool based on feedback from our volunteers to improve the previous two versions. The goal of pilot testing was to assess whether prospective volunteers knew how to navigate the survey tool comfortably and whether prospective interviewees clearly understood the questions that were asked.

A total of 40 people piloted the survey tools including DPSS Adult Services Division Administration staff, community members, and sheltered homeless individuals. In addition, general survey feedback was acquired from eight Department of Mental Health Homeless Outreach staff. The version that received the best reviews was the modified tool based on feedback from our volunteers which was selected for implementation for interviewing homeless individuals during the street-based count and the service-based count.

A Spanish version of the interview tool was developed for any monolingual Spanish-speaking homeless individuals. The premise was to develop this translated version so that Spanish speaking interviewers could easily administer the survey without having to concurrently translate the questions. This translated version promoted consistency among Spanish interviewers.

The primary goal for the PIT Count was to *interview* each homeless person. However, it was understood interviewing was not feasible under certain circumstances. Thus, an observational survey tool was developed to allow interviewers to record observational data (perceived gender, ethnicity, age, physical description) for suspected homeless individuals encountered during the street count who were unable or unwilling to engage. This observational technique is acceptable according to HUD guidelines<sup>5</sup>. The following were reasons for volunteers to use an observational tool: there were barriers to enter the site, the site was unsafe to enter, the individual refused to participate, the person was sleeping, there was a language barrier, or the person was unable to respond (i.e., mental issues, intoxication, etc.). This observational tool was used during both the general PIT street-based count and the separate youth street-based count.

Finally, a separate survey was developed to use with unaccompanied homeless youth during the Youth Count. This survey was created, modified, and approved in partnership with Operation SafeHouse. More specifically, a modified version of the Youth Count Questionnaire developed and validated by the UC Berkeley School of Public Health, We Count, California! Homeless Youth Project was used to count and survey unaccompanied homeless youth. This survey was piloted with Operation SafeHouse transitional age outreach staff to ensure it was "youth friendly." This youth interview survey was used during the youth magnet events and youth street count.

The creation and implementation of these four different survey tools allowed for the accommodation of several different circumstances (language barriers, age-appropriate questions, and being able to count via observation when interviewing was not possible). The use of multiple survey tools is in contrast to the *one* interview survey tool that was used during the 2013 PIT Count and allowed for a more rigorous and thorough methodology than in previous PIT Count years. See Table 3 below for a comparison of 2013 and 2015 survey instruments.

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 $<sup>^{5}</sup>$  2014 Point-In-Time HUD Methodology Guide, p. 52

Table 3. Comparison of PIT Count Survey Type

Types of PIT Count Surveys							
2013	2015						
	Interview survey tool						
One interview survey tool	Spanish translated interview survey tool						
	Observational tool						
No observational tool	Youth count survey tool - youth friendly questions						

In addition to developing additional types of surveys, the content and format of the interview survey was also modified for 2015. See Table 4 below for comparisons between the 2013 and 2015 interview surveys.

Table 4. Comparison of PIT Count Interview Surveys

PIT Count Interview Survey Instrument							
2013	2015						
22 questions (one page, single sided)	29 questions (one page, double-sided)						
Allowed for only YES/NO responses	Allowed for YES/NO/DON'T KNOW or REFUSED responses and some fill-in-the-blanks						
Combined drug and alcohol use together in a single question	Separated drug and alcohol use into separate questions						
Asked Veteran status	Asked which branch of Armed Forces						
Only asked if chronic health conditions limited ability to get a job	Asked if eight subpopulation criteria kept them from holding a job or living in stable housing?						
Could only record responses for two individuals (person + spouse)	Could record responses for up to five people of the same family unit						
Combined Asian & Pacific Islander races	Asian and Pacific Islander were treated as distinct races						
Gender included Male or Female	Gender included Male, Female, Transgender (M-to-F, F-to-M)						

### **Data Entry & Deduplication Method**

A Microsoft Access application was created in order to consolidate and store the unsheltered homeless count survey data. Separate applications were created for service-based interview surveys, street-based observational surveys, and youth count surveys. Seven data entry volunteers entered this unsheltered homeless data into the Microsoft Access application from February 10<sup>th</sup> to February 18<sup>th</sup>. These volunteers came from Riverside County DPSS Homeless Programs Unit, Adult Services Administration, and the Public Authority.

Since the 2015 PIT Count involved both street-based and service-based counts, a deduplication method was implemented to account for any individuals who may have been interviewed multiple times. The deduplication method for the interview surveys consisted of creating a unique identifier using several fields of information from the survey (first initial, last initial, birth month, birth year, city born, state born, gender, race, and veteran status). The deduplication method for the observational surveys used the following fields to create a unique identifier (reason for observational tool, type of location, age observed, perceived gender, and perceived race). The creation of the unique identifier was conducted in a statistical database program (Microsoft Access), using an algorithm with the identified demographic information to generate a unique ID for each individual counted. This process allowed data analysts to easily identify and eliminate duplicate records.

Table 5 below shows that the total number of street-based (interview and observational tools) and service-based interview surveys returned to DPSS was 1,827 (1,253 interview surveys, 42 youth surveys, 532 observational surveys). During the data entry process, several survey errors were discovered. Surveys were rejected prior to data entry for the following reasons: (a) the survey was completely blank except for interviewer name and location; (b) the homeless individual indicated that they stayed in a place that was not considered *unsheltered* according to HUD (house, apartment, emergency shelter, motel, etc.); or (c) the homeless individual indicated they had already been surveyed. There were 237 surveys that were rejected prior to being entered into the database. These criteria resulted in a new subtotal of 1,590 surveys. The PIT Count's analytic rationale was to include all records until there was clarity and certainty that they should be excluded. Once all data were entered and the deduplication method implemented, three surveys were rejected as duplicates, resulting in a final unsheltered homeless count of 1,587. See Table 5 below for the numeric breakdown and filtering process.

Table 5. Breakdown of PIT Count Surveys – Data Cleaning and Deduplication

Total Surveys Returned	Rejected Surveys (Not Entered)	New Sub Total	Rejected Surveys (Duplicates)	Final Sample Size
1,827 (1,253 interview, 42 youth surveys, 532 observational)	<b>237</b> (218 interview, 19 observational)	1,590 (1035 interview, 42 youth surveys, 513 observational)	<b>3</b> interview, <b>o</b> observational	1,587 (1,032 interview, 42 youth surveys, 513 observational

Since the observational surveys contained less information and therefore fewer fields to use in the deduplication process, it was challenging to rationalize the drop of any *potential* duplicates in this data. For example, if two different volunteers were instructed to record their observations regarding the same scenario, they would likely describe the scenario in two completely different ways. Thus, there would be no certainty that the individuals observed in the scenario were the same individual or different individuals. Therefore, it was decided to include all observational surveys. Throughout the rest of the report, the results will be discussed in terms of interview survey data versus observational survey data. It is important to make this distinction as the interview survey data is based on the respondent's own self-identification, while the observational survey data is based on the volunteer's perceptions.

Extrapolation techniques were not used during this year's PIT Count. The 2015 PIT Count reflects only individuals who were counted (through direct observation or interviewed), rather than estimated based on tents or belongings.

It was not feasible to deduplicate the interview and observational data together because, again, the interview data was based on self-identification while the observational data was based on volunteer perception. Therefore, none of the fields from these two different surveys were identical, making it nearly impossible to deduplicate across survey types.

The total number of youth count surveys returned to DPSS was a total of 70 (42 interview surveys and 28 observational tools; only 29 of the youth interview surveys were actually youth age). Two survey respondents indicated their age was over 25 (27 and 33) and thus did not qualify as youth. It is unclear if these were their actual ages, or if they were fearful of government assistance and thus provided incorrect information about their age. The additional 11 people who were not of youth age were considered part of the respondent's family unit.

#### **Volunteer Recruitment**

There were a total of 533 volunteers, including 27 Key Leaders from the community, 31 Department of Public Social Services (DPSS) Staff Site Coordinators, and four DPSS PIT Call Center Staff who contributed to the unsheltered PIT Count and survey. In addition, 64 volunteers, two Site Leaders from the community, and two DPSS Staff Coordinators contributed to the separate unsheltered Youth Count.

Volunteers were recruited through PIT Count press releases published in several print and online newspapers throughout Riverside County, as well as, from volunteer trainings which ran from October 28, 2014 to January 21, 2015, an advertisement posted on the Riverside Mayor's Facebook page, and printed flyers distributed at various agencies and collaborative meetings. Lastly, email blasts were sent to DPSS agency staff to recruit additional volunteers. A web-based survey was used to keep track of volunteer registrations (SurveyMonkey).

PIT Count Volunteers could provide assistance in several ways. First, they could serve as enumerators in the street-based count on January 28, 2015, between 5:00am and 9:00am. Second, they could help DPSS identify locations in Riverside County where homeless individuals and families were known to live and congregate. These pre-identified locations were used as data points during the street-based count. A web-based survey was used to keep track of identified homeless locations (SurveyMonkey). Third, volunteers could donate items to be used in the incentive bags given to homeless individuals who were surveyed. Lastly, DPSS staff had an opportunity to serve as DPSS Site Coordinators who worked in tandem with community Key Leaders or as enumerators for the service-based count on January 28, 2015 between 7:00am – 7:00pm.

All volunteers were required to complete a 90-minute volunteer orientation where they received instructions on how to conduct the count and on important safety guidelines.

#### **Unsheltered Homeless Count**

#### **Street-Based Count**

The street-based count took place on January 28, 2015, between 5:00 am and 9:00 am. Five hundred and thirty-three volunteers were deployed across Riverside County in groups of three to pre-identified locations where homeless people were known to live and/or congregate. Volunteers served as team leaders, lookouts, or counters and met at one of 30 deployment centers across the county to receive their team assignments, surveys, supplies, and maps.

In November 2014, DPSS staff developed an online survey to track information on locations where homeless people were known to live and/or congregate and an assessment of safety of each location. This link was sent to Key Leaders, PIT Count Volunteers, and other community agencies. A few days prior to the PIT Count, the data were extracted from SurveyMonkey to obtain a final list of pre-identified known homeless locations. One day prior to the PIT Count, DPSS staff provided these data points (i.e., locations) to Riverside County Information Technology (RCIT) to generate maps. There were three categories of locations based on the safety assessment included in the Homeless Locations Survey: unsafe (yellow), safe (green), and safety unknown (blue). RCIT generated one large map for each city which depicted the entire city and showed known homeless locations. In addition, they generated smaller maps for volunteers to take with them into the field. These maps covered smaller grids within each city (2.5 mile by 1.5 mile grid). While some sites used their own maps, added their own data points, or used their own color schemes, RCIT-generated maps were provided to any cities or areas that requested them.

#### **Service-Based Count**

The service-based count took place on January 28, 2015, between 7:00 am and 7:00pm. Several weeks prior to the count, DPSS staff compiled a list of agencies that provide services to homeless people throughout Riverside County. The list was compiled using several resources. First, an initial list of service agencies was provided by the DPSS Homeless Programs Unit. Second, internet searches were conducted to find additional agencies. Third, Riverside County's Continuum of Care provided several recommendations of agencies that were also included in the list. Though efforts were taken to compile a comprehensive list, this list is by no means exhaustive.

Once the final list was completed, contact was attempted with each organization. The goal of contacting each organization was to verify the agency name, contact information, operational hours and to assess each agency's interest level and how many estimated volunteers would be needed. After all agencies that operated between the hours of 7:00am and 7:00pm on Wednesdays had been contacted or attempts made, the remaining agencies were classified into four categories: information unconfirmed, willing to administer surveys with agency staff, willing to have volunteers administer surveys at facility, and not interested in participating. See Table 6 below for a summary of service-agency categories and corresponding DPSS responses.

dote of Classification of Service Exchange						
Agency Category	DPSS Action					
Information Unconfirmed	No Volunteers Deployed					
Willing to Administer Surveys with Agency Staff	No Volunteers Deployed					
Willing to Have Volunteers Administer Surveys at Facility	Volunteers Deployed					
Not Interested in Participating	Volunteers Deployed - Instructed to Assemble Near Facility to Survey People as They Entered or Exited					

Table 6. Classification of Service Agencies

Teams of DPSS staff volunteers were deployed to homeless service agencies that operate on Wednesdays and were willing to have volunteers administer surveys at their facility or where volunteers could assemble outside of the service agencies to interview people as they entered or exited the facility. This research yielded a total of 55 service agencies. However, only 28 agencies actually participated in the count. The 27 remaining agencies did not participate in the count for various reasons (i.e., incorrect contact information, no longer funded, refusal to participate, did not return phone calls, or moved out of county). See Acknowledgement section (on page 6) for a complete list of the service agencies that participated in the count.

## **Magnet Events**

The City of Lake Elsinore was the only city to host its own magnet events. The rationale for hosting these magnet events was because (a) they wanted to encourage some homeless people to come out of hiding and (b) some areas were unsafe for volunteers to enter. They hosted two magnet events during the street-based count on January 28, 2015 between 6:00 and 9:00am. One was held at the Community Center in Lake Elsinore and the other was held outdoors, at the end of a quiet street in Lake Elsinore (Joy Street).

Prior to the PIT Count, Lake Elsinore Code Enforcement went out to the primary homeless encampments in the area and distributed flyers promoting the magnet events either directly to homeless individuals or by posting flyers on tents. In addition, on the day of the Count, the Lake Elsinore Police Department and a few volunteers went into the lake bed area to encourage people to come to the magnet events. Homeless individuals who came to the magnet events received the same incentive bags that were used during the street-based count. However, these incentive bags were also supplemented with hygiene items that were donated from the Temecula Veterans Center. In addition, attendees received juice, coffee, and donuts.

### **Youth Count**

This year marked the first year that the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) required a targeted methodology to find and count unaccompanied homeless youth. Riverside County DPSS partnered with Operation SafeHouse to coordinate the 2015 PIT Homeless Youth Count. Operation SafeHouse is one of the leading experts in the homeless

youth population in Riverside County. The Youth Count was conducted using the HUD magnet event and street count-based methodologies which were approved and promoted by UC Berkeley School of Public Health, We Count, California! Homeless Youth Project. HUD defines unaccompanied homeless youth as individuals between the ages of 12-17 (unaccompanied minors) and 18-24 (unaccompanied transitional age youth).

First, three magnet events were hosted at sites throughout Riverside County: Bobby Bonds Youth Opportunity Center (in Riverside), Perris Family Resource Center (in Perris), and Indio Teen Center (in Indio) on Tuesday, January 27, 2015 between 3:00-6:00pm. These events were strategically intended to take place during after-school hours in order to count and survey unaccompanied homeless youth as they got out of school. These magnet events were strategically advertised as *Youth Outreach Events* using "youth friendly" flyers distributed through SafeHouse outreach teams, school district liaisons, and community-based organization networks that serve unaccompanied homeless youth. The Youth Outreach magnet events offered free music, pizza, chips, and soda to attract unaccompanied homeless youth. At each magnet event, DPSS Self-Sufficiency staff were available to assist eligible homeless youth apply for Medi-Cal or CalFresh and a SafeHouse Counselor to provide mental health support and information. Given their background and experience, transitional age youth (TAY) SafeHouse Outreach staff or Victor Community Support Service Outreach workers served as the interviewers.

In addition, a street-based count specifically targeting unaccompanied homeless youth was held on Wednesday, January 28, 2015 between 3:00-6:00pm. This street count utilized two deployment centers at the SafeHouse schools in Riverside and Thousand Palms. SafeHouse outreach teams, school district liaisons, and community-based organization networks provided a list of locations where unaccompanied homeless youth tend to live and/or congregate in Riverside County. Volunteers were deployed in groups of three to canvass these pre-identified locations; teams were given Mapquest turn-by-turn directions to each pre-identified location. This street count also took place during after school hours in order to count and survey unaccompanied homeless youth as they got out of school. Lastly, there were two mobile outreach teams composed of school district personnel who went out during the youth street count in Lake Elsinore and Beaumont.

# **Department of Mental Health Outreach**

Riverside County Department of Mental Health (DMH) Homeless Outreach teams agreed to canvass 62 non-city (unincorporated) areas in Riverside County. DMH performed their main unsheltered counts of non-city areas on the day of the Count, but also performed a follow-up sweep during the seven-day period after, as allowed by the HUD methodology:

"A survey of people at various social service locations or other public or private locations to identify people who were unsheltered, but not counted, on the night of the count--either because CoC's did not use a night of the count approach or because unsheltered people were missed on

the night of the count. Service-based counts may only be conducted within the seven-day period after the designated count night."

DMH used 30 staff volunteers teamed with 12 homeless volunteers to complete the count. The coverage they provided to the 62 non-city areas included both (a) reconnaissance work to assess if particular areas had homeless people and (b) surveying the individuals they found during their reconnaissance at a later date. More specifically, three outreach teams canvassed the 62 areas to assess the presence of homeless people. This reconnaissance work began the week of January 5-9<sup>th</sup>, 2015, and continued every day leading up to the Count. If absolutely no indication of homeless people was found in a particular area, DMH returned for one last round of reconnaissance two days prior to the Count. If DMH found, or knew of, suspected homeless individuals in a particular area, they returned on the day of the Count (or the seven day window afterward) to administer the survey. On the day of the Count, 12 teams surveyed the locations with known homeless, and three smaller outreach teams surveyed the remaining locations over the next seven days.

#### **Sheltered Homeless Count**

The shelter-based count involved counting homeless individuals who stayed in shelters on the night of January 27, 2015.

#### **Shelter-Based Count**

The shelter-based count was conducted using data extracted from the Homeless Management and Information System (HMIS) database. This count included all individuals who stayed in emergency shelters (including individuals who stayed in domestic violence shelters or who received motel/hotel vouchers) or transitional housing on the night of January 27, 2015. Instructions were sent to HMIS participating agencies reminding them to enter their shelter data into the system within seven days for any clients who entered or exited their facility on the night of January 27. These instructions were sent one week prior to the Count. An additional reminder was sent on February 20, 2015 reminding agencies to have all data entered and corrected no later than March 6, 2015.

The data extraction consisted of several steps. First, the PIT Count report was pulled from the HMIS system for all organizations registered in HMIS. Data integrity tests were then performed on the HMIS data. Next, all homeless shelters not in HMIS had to be surveyed by either (a) sending volunteers to survey clients directly or (b) by having shelter staff survey the clients on behalf of DPSS. All survey information was then entered into the internal application, combining the manually surveyed information with the HMIS PIT Count report. A final review of all the data was conducted for accuracy. Finally, data was submitted to the HUD Data Exchange.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 2014 Point-In-Time Methodology Guide, p. 19

# **Homeless Survey Findings**

## 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Findings

There were a total of 1,587 homeless people counted during the 2015 unsheltered homeless count. Table 7 displays the overall data by city or unincorporated area. When presenting any data below, please note that there is a distinction between observational data (based on volunteer perception) and interview data (based on respondent's self-identification), as discussed earlier in the report.

The total column for 2015 represents a summation of the General PIT Count and Youth Count numbers (both interview and observational). Both the total count for each city and the respective percentage of the total number of unsheltered homeless people in Riverside County are provided. Table 7 also compares the 2015 city counts to the 2013 city counts. In the final column on the right of the table is the percent change between 2013 and 2015. It should be noted that this comparison does *not* take into account the total sample sizes for each year. The comparative data is presented this way in order to show the raw change in unsheltered homeless counts for each city or unincorporated area from 2013 to 2015.

 $\it Table~7.$  Unsheltered Homeless Count by City and Type of Data

Tuble /. Offsh	General PIT Count		Youth Count		Total Unsheltered				
City or Unincorporated Area	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational		)15		013	Percent Change
City					Count	Percent	Count	Percent	
Banning	28	2	0	0	30	2%	43	2%	-30%
Beaumont	12	2	0	0	14	1%	19	1%	-26%
Blythe	30	22	0	0	52	3%	55	3%	-5%
Calimesa	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Canyon Lake	0	0	0	0	0	0%	2	0%	-100%
Cathedral City	26	12	0	0	38	2%	65	3%	-42%
Coachella	38	3	0	0	41	3%	37	2%	11%
	57	12	0	0	69	4%	62	3%	11%
Corona	37	12	0	U	09	470	02	3%	1170
Desert Hot Springs	15	6	0	0	21	1%	9	0%	133%
Eastvale	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Hemet	103	14	0	0	117	7%	135	7%	-13%
Indian Wells	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Indio	67	23	0	2	92	6%	256	14%	-64%
Jurupa Valley	93	75	0	0	168	11%	50	3%	236%
La Quinta	8	2	0	0	100	1%	5	0%	100%
Lake Elsinore	43	6	2	0	51	3%	92	5%	-45%
Mecca	22	0	0	0	22	1%	44	2%	-50%
Menifee	8	8	0	0	16	1%	10	1%	60%
Moreno Valley	37	24	0	0	61	4%	51	3%	20%
Murrieta	0	2	0	0	2	0%	5	0%	-60%
Norco	0	5	0	0	5	0%	21	1%	-76%
Palm Desert	10	6	0	0	16	1%	11	1%	45%
Palm Springs	63	49	3	3	118	7%	60	3%	97%
Perris	39	13	0	0	52	3%	63	3%	-17%
Rancho Mirage	5	1	0	0	6	0%	1	0%	500%
Riverside	218	121	37	23	399	25%	599	32%	-33%
San Jacinto	7	5	0	0	12	1%	19	1%	-37%
Temecula	33	9	0	0	42	3%	57	3%	-26%
Wildomar	10	0	0	0	10	1%	18	1%	-44%
Subtotal	972	422	42	28	1464	92%	1789	95%	-18%
Unincorporated A					ı	L	L	l	
Aguanga	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0%
Anza	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0%	-100%
Bermuda Dunes	4	4	0	0	8	1%	0	0%	-
Cabazon	3	0	0	0	3	0%	0	0%	-
Cherry Valley	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Chiriaco Summit	1	0	0	0	1	0%	0	0%	-
Coronita	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%

City or	General PIT Count		Youth Count		Total Unsheltered				
Unincorporated	nterview	Observational	Interview	Observational		)15		013	Percent Change
Unincorporated Are	ea				Count	Percent	Count	Percent	
Desert Center	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Desert Edge	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Desert Palms	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Eagle Valley	0	1	0	0	1	0%	0	0%	-
East Hemet	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
El Cerrito	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
El Sobrante	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
French Valley	1	2	0	0	3	0%	0	0%	-
Garnet	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Good Hope	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Green Acres	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Highgrove	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Home Gardens	1	0	0	0	1	0%	0	0%	-
Homeland	1	0	0	0	1	0%	1	0%	0%
Idyllwild	10	0	0	0	10	1%	17	1%	-41%
Indio Hills	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Lake Matthews	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Lake Riverside	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Lakeland Village	0	3	0	0	3	0%	15	1%	-80%
Lakeview	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
March Air Force									
Base	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Mead Valley	1	0	0	0	1	0%	10	1%	-90%
Meadowbrook	1	1	0	0	2	0%	23	1%	-91%
Mesa Verde	0	1	0	0	1	0%	0	0%	-
Mountain	_	•	•		•	221		001	00/
Center	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
North Shore	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Nuevo	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Oasis	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Pine Cove	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Quail Valley	0	5	0	0	5	0%	0	0%	-
Ripley	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Romoland	1	0	0	0	1	0%	0	0%	-
Rubidoux	3	5	0	0	8	1%	0	0%	_
Sage	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Sedco Hills	0	11	0	0	11	1%	0	0%	-
Sky Valley	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Sun City	4	0	0	0	4	0%	0	0%	-
Temescal Valley	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Thermal	0	0	0	0	0	0%	4	0%	-100%
Thousand Palms	2	2	0	0	4	0%	7	0%	-43%

	Genera	al PIT Count	Yout	h Count					
City or Unincorporated Area	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational		015	20	013	Percent Change
					Count	Percent	Count	Percent	
Unincorporated A	Area								
Valle Vista	0	1	0	0	1	0%	0	0%	-
Vista Santa Rosa	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
Warm Springs	0	0	0	0	0	0%	0	0%	0%
White Water	1	2	0	0	3	0%	0	0%	-
Winchester	0	1	0	0	1	0%	0	0%	-
Woodcrest	7	21	0	0	28	2%	0	0%	-
Subtotal	41	60	0	0	101	6%	83	4%	22%
(blank)	19	3	0	0	22	1%	0	0%	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	1032	485	42	28	1587	-	1888*	-	-16%

<sup>\*</sup>This number was the total unsheltered homeless count reported in the 2013 PIT Report.

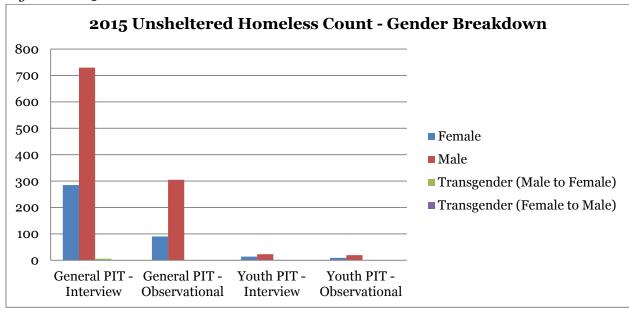
Of the 1,587 unsheltered homeless people, a majority (68%) of these individuals were men (n = 1,077). A small portion of the unsheltered homeless population identified as transgender (male to female, n = 7; female to male, n = 1). See Table 8 below for full details.

Table 8. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count by Gender

Gender	Genera	l PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered				
	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent			
Female	285	90	14	9	398	25%			
Male	730	305	23	19	1077	68%			
Transgender (Male to Female)	6	0	1	0	7	ο%			
Transgender (Female to Male)	1	0	0	0	1	ο%			
Don't Know or Refused	2	68	O	0	70	4%			
Blank	8	22	4	0	34	2%			
Total	1032	485	42	28	1587	100%			

\*Note: Interview data is based on respondent's self-identification while observational data is based on volunteer perception. The 2013 PIT survey allowed only for "male" and "female" responses while the 2015 PIT survey added the additional response options above.

Figure 1. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count – Gender Breakdown



A majority of the unsheltered homeless population either identified or were observed as White (n = 943). Approximately one fourth of the population either identified as or were observed as Hispanic or Latino. Ethnicity was assessed in a separate question than race as HUD considers Hispanic to be an ethnicity, not a race. See Table 9 for full details regarding race and ethnicity.

Table 9. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count by Race

	Genera	ll PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered				
Race	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent			
American Indian or Alaska Native	41	4	0	0	45	3%			
Asian	8	5	1	0	14	1%			
Black or African American	95	52	11	6	164	10%			
Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	6	0	0	0	6	ο%			
White	684	226	21	12	943	59%			
Multiple Races	25	3	2	0	30	2%			
Don't Know or Refused	70	136	1	3	210	13%			
Blank	103	59	6	7	175	11%			
Total	1032	485	42	28	1587	100%			
Hispanic (ethnicity)	300	71	7	10	388	24%			

\*Note: Interview data is based on respondent's self-identification while observational data is based on volunteer perception.

The 2013 PIT survey combined Asian and Pacific Islander together into one race while the 2015 PIT survey kept them as distinct races.

Figure 2. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count – Breakdown 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count - Race Breakdown 800 700 600 500 ■ General PIT - Interview 400 300 ■ General PIT - Observational 200 ■ Youth PIT - Interview 100 ■ Youth PIT - Observational American Asian Black or Native White Indian or African Hawaiian, Alaska American **Pacific** Islander Native

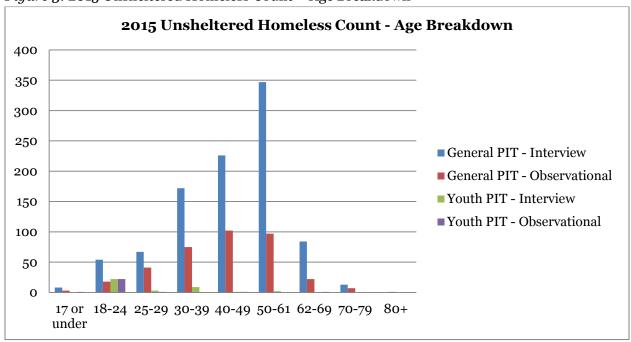
The majority of the unsheltered homeless population was between the ages of 50-61 (n = 446) and 40-49 (n = 330). See Table 10 for full details regarding age.

Table 10. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count by Age

	Genera	l PIT Count	You	th Count	Total Unsheltered			
Age	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent		
17 or under	8	3	0	1	12	1%		
18-24	54	18	22	22	116	7%		
25-29	67	41	3	1	112	7%		
30-39	172	75	9	0	256	16%		
40-49	226	102	1	1	330	21%		
50-61	347	97	2	0	446	28%		
62-69	84	22	0	1	107	7%		
70-79	13	7	0	0	20	1%		
80+	0	1	0	0	1	ο%		
Blank	61	119	5	2	187	12%		
Total	1032	485	42	28	1587	100%		

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Interview data is based on respondent's self-identification while observational data is based on volunteer perception.

Figure 3. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count – Age Breakdown



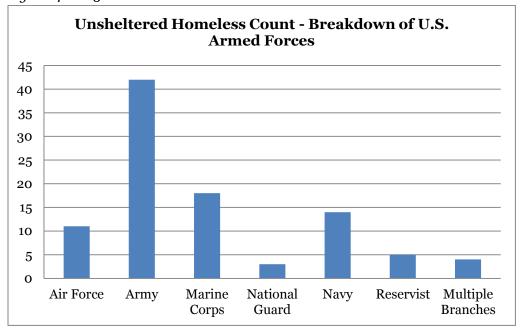
Most of the unsheltered homeless individuals were not veterans. However, among those individuals who did serve in the U.S. Armed Forces, most served in the army (n = 42). See Table 11 for a full breakdown of U.S. Armed Forces participation.

Table 11. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count - Breakdown of Armed Forces

Armed Forces	•	nterview Oata
	Count	Percent
Air Force	11	1%
Army	42	4%
Marine Corps	18	2%
National Guard	3	0%
Navy	14	1%
Reservist	5	ο%
Multiple Branches	4	0%
None	819	79%
Blank	116	11%
Total	1032	100%
<b>Total Veterans</b>	102	10%

\*Note: This question was not asked in the observational surveys and the youth surveys only permitted a yes/no response to Armed Forces (Yes; n=5). The 102 represents the 97 veterans from the General PIT Count interview data and the 5 veterans from the Youth Count interview data.

Figure 4. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count – Breakdown of U.S. Armed Forces



Among the unsheltered homeless population, 37% were considered chronically homeless (n = 401), 21% were recently released from jail or prison (n = 225), 21% were victims of verbal, physical, or sexual abuse (n = 224), and 23% were victims of domestic violence (n = 243). See Table 12 below for full details on these unsheltered subpopulations.

*Table 12.* 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count – Breakdown of Subpopulations

Carlon annalation	Gene	ral PIT	You	th PIT	Total 2015 Unsheltered					
Subpopulation	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent				
Chronically Homeless	377	37%	24	57%	401	37%				
Families with Children	14	1%	0	ο%	14	1%				
Depression	n/a	n/a	13	31%	13	1%				
Minor Justice Involvement	n/a	n/a	3	7%	3	ο%				
Adult Justice Involvement	n/a	n/a	8	19%	8	1%				
Recently Released	225	22%	n/a	n/a	225	21%				
Armed Forces	97	9%	5	12%	102	9%				
Veterans Benefits	46	4%	2	5%	48	4%				
Disability Benefits	184	18%	2	5%	186	17%				
Foster Care	n/a	n/a	8	19%	8	1%				
HIV Positive/AIDS	21	2%	1	2%	22	2%				
Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	214	21%	10	24%	224	21%				
Domestic Violence	240	23%	3	7%	243	23%				
Special Education	121	12%	n/a	n/a	121	11%				
Total	10	032		<b>42</b>	1	074				

\*Note: This information was only obtained from the interview surveys (not observational surveys).

Chronically homeless was defined according to HUD's definition if the person had been living in emergency shelter and/or on the streets (a) for the past year or more or (b) four or more times during the last three years and who may have a disability (HUD HEARTH Act Interim Rule, pgs. 53-54).

Recently released was defined as someone who was released from jail or prison within the past 12 months.

An individual could potentially be categorized into multiple or all subpopulations.

Among the unsheltered homeless population, 44% reported using alcohol (n = 474), 32% reported using drugs (n = 348), 27% reported having an ongoing health problem (n = 295), 17% reported suffering from PTSD (n = 179), 30% reported having a mental health condition (n =  $\frac{1}{2}$ )

322), 28% reported having a physical disability (n = 300), 14% reported having a developmental disability (n = 155), and 15% reported suffering from a brain injury (n = 159). Among those individuals who reported experiencing these situations, almost half of them indicated that PTSD (44%), mental health conditions (45%), physical disabilities (45%), and developmental disabilities (42%) prevented them from obtaining stable housing or a steady job. It is important to note that an individual could potentially be categorized into multiple or all subpopulations.

Table 13. 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count - Breakdown of Subpopulations & Preventing Housing

Tuble 13 . 2013 Challettered	•	oo count	Bround	, mir or busp	opulation	10 00 1 10 10.		401118							
		Gene	ral PIT			Yout	h PIT		Total 2015 Unsheltered						
Subpopulation		e You ienced	Hou	t Prevent sing or ork?		e You enced	Hou	Prevent sing or ork?		e You enced	Does it Prevent Housing or Work?				
	Count	Percent	Count	$\mathbf{Percent}^{^{\dagger}}$	Count	Percent	Count	<b>Percent</b> <sup>†</sup>	Count	Percent	Count	<b>Percent</b> <sup>†</sup>			
Alcohol Use	467	45%	62	13%	7	17%	1	14%	474	44%	63	13%			
Drug Use	344	33%	66	19%	4	10%	3	75%	348	32%	69	20%			
Ongoing Health Problems	288	28%	115	40%	7	17%	1	14%	295	27%	116	39%			
PTSD	168	16%	76	45%	11	26%	3	27%	179	17%	79	44%			
Mental Health Conditions	310	30%	138	45%	12	29%	6	50%	322	30%	144	45%			
Physical Disability	294	28%	134	46%	6	14%	2	33%	300	28%	136	45%			
Developmental Disability	143	14%	60	42%	12	29%	5	42%	155	14%	65	42%			
Brain Injury	157	15%	58	37%	2	5%	0	0%	159	15%	58	36%			
Total		10	032			4	2		1074						

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This information was only obtained from the interview surveys (not observational surveys).

An individual could potentially be categorized into multiple or all subpopulations.

Table 14 below displays subpopulation data by city versus unincorporated area. This table provides a highlight of subpopulation information. A count for each city is provided, as well as, its corresponding percentage of the total unsheltered sample that had subpopulation data available (n = 1,074). It is important to note that subpopulation information was not collected on the observational tool. Additional subpopulation information for the overall total amount of unsheltered homeless can be found in Table 12.

The 2013 PIT Count survey blended alcohol use and drug use together.

<sup>†</sup> This percent reflects the portion of people who experienced this criteria and who indicated it prevented them from obtaining housing and/or work. For example, 467 people reported using alcohol. Of those 467 people, 62 reported it prevented them from obtaining housing or work (13%).

Table 14. Unsheltered Homeless Count – Subpopulation Data by City versus Unincorporated Area

City or Unincorpoated Area	To Unshe Hom	ltered eless		nically neless	-	es with dren	Reco	ently eased	Ve	terans		n (24 or nger)	Alcoh	nol Use	Drug	Drug Use		l, Sexual, nal Abuse	1 Domestic		Domestic		Ongoing Health Problems		Mental Health Conditions		Physical Disability	
-		Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent		
City																												
Banning	30	2%	9	32%	0	0%	4	14%	6	21%	1	3%	15	54%	10	36%	6	21%	9	32%	5	18%	4	14%	6	21%		
Beaumont	14	1%	4	33%	0	0%	3	25%	2	17%	0	0%	7	58%	3	25%	5	42%	2	17%	3	25%	4	33%	2	17%		
Blythe	52	3%	20	67%	0	0%	6	20%	8	27%	0	0%	12	40%	11	37%	8	27%	4	13%	15	50%	17	57%	18	60%		
Cathedral City	38	2%	9	35%	0	0%	3	12%	5	19%	2	5%	12	46%	10	38%	4	15%	5	19%	10	38%	12	46%	11	42%		
Coachella	41	3%	15	39%	0	0%	8	21%	11	29%	1	2%	19	50%	11	29%	8	21%	11	29%	12	32%	8	21%	11	29%		
Corona	69	4%	20	35%	0	0%	15	26%	2	4%	6	9%	19	33%	17	30%	7	12%	10	18%	12	21%	9	16%	16	28%		
Desert Hot Springs	21	1%	6	40%	0	0%	2	13%	1	7%	2	10%	7	47%	4	27%	3	20%	5	33%	5	33%	6	40%	3	20%		
Hemet	117	7%	29	28%	0	0%	28	27%	5	5%	5	4%	47	46%	28	27%	21	20%	24	23%	30	29%	32	31%	24	23%		
Indio	92	6%	15	22%	0	0%	9	13%	3	4%	4	4%	17	25%	13	19%	6	9%	10	15%	20	30%	13	19%	16	24%		
Jurupa Valley	168	11%	32	34%	0	0%	9	10%	3	3%	7	4%	43	46%	45	48%	17	18%	27	29%	25	27%	32	34%	27	29%		
La Quinta	10	1%	4	50%	0	0%	1	13%	1	13%	0	0%	4	50%	2	25%	1	13%	1	13%	1	13%	4	50%	5	63%		
Lake Elsinore	51	3%	20	44%	5	11%	13	30%	4	9%	9	18%	17	38%	23	51%	8	18%	10	22%	6	13%	15	33%	12	27%		
Mecca	22	1%	7	32%	1	5%	3	14%	0	0%	0	0%	12	55%	5	23%	0	0%	1	5%	5	23%	1	5%	6	27%		
Menifee	16	1%	3	38%	0	0%	3	38%	1	13%	1	6%	6	75%	2	25%	1	13%	1	13%	4	50%	2	25%	2	25%		
Moreno Valley	61	4%	15	41%	0	0%	8	22%	3	8%	3	5%	15	41%	8	22%	1	3%	5	14%	7	19%	7	19%	9	24%		
Murrieta	2	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Norco	5	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Palm Desert	16	1%	1	10%	0	0%	1	10%	2	20%	1	6%	7	70%	5	50%	1	10%	3	30%	4	40%	7	70%	8	80%		
Palm Springs	118	7%	26	39%	5	8%	12	19%	9	14%	9	8%	27	41%	14	21%	23	35%	15	23%	25	38%	26	39%	23	35%		
Perris	52	3%	14	36%	3	8%	9	23%	2	5%	7	13%	19	49%	17	44%	11	28%	13	33%	8	21%	12	31%	9	23%		
Rancho Mirage	6	0%	2	40%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	4	80%	0	0%	2	40%	2	40%	2	40%	2	40%	3	60%		
Riverside	399	25%	114	45%	0	0%	51	23%	27	11%	55	14%	110	43%	66	26%	65	25%	61	24%	77	30%	83	33%	65	25%		
San Jacinto	12	1%	5	71%	0	0%	1	14%	0	0%	0	0%	2	29%	4	57%	2	29%	3	43%	3	43%	6	86%	1	14%		
Temecula	42	3%	5	15%	0	0%	9	27%	3	9%	5	12%	19	58%	15	45%	5	15%	4	12%	7	21%	4	12%	7	21%		
Wildomar	10	1%	4	40%	0	0%	3	30%	1	10%	2	20%	2	20%	4	40%	2	20%	0	0%	1	10%	2	20%	1	10%		
Sub Total	1464	-	379	-	14	-	201	-	99	-	120	-	442	-	317	-	207	-	226	-	287	-	308	-	285	-		
Unincorporated Area	9																											
Bermuda Dunes	8	1%	2	50%	0	0%	1	25%	0	0%	0	0%	1	25%	1	25%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Cabazon	3	0%	1	33%	0	0%	0	0%	1	33%	1	33%	3	100%	1	33%	1	33%	1	33%	0	0%	1	33%	3	100%		
Chiriaco Summit	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Eagle Valley	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
French Valley	3	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	33%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Home Gardens	1	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%		
Homeland	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Idyllwild	10	1%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	6	60%	4	40%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Lakeland Village	3	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	33%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		
Mead Valley	1	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	1	100%	1	100%		
Meadowbrook	2	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%		
																					1	4						

City or Unincorpoated Area	Unsho Hom Indiv	otal eltered neless iduals	Hon	nically neless	Familio Chil	dren	Rele	ently eased		erans	you	(24 or nger)		nol Use		g Use	Emotion	l, Sexual, nal Abuse	Don Viol	ence	Prol	g Health olems	Conc	l Health litions	Disa	sical bility
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
<b>Unincorporated Are</b>	a																									
Quail Valley	5	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	20%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Romoland	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Rubidoux	8	1%	1	33%	0	0%	1	33%	0	0%	0	0%	1	33%	1	33%	0	0%	2	67%	1	33%	0	0%	2	67%
Sedco Hills	11	1%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Sun City	4	0%	0	0%	0	0%	4	100%	0	0%	2	50%	0	0%	4	100%	2	50%	3	75%	0	0%	2	50%	0	0%
Thousand Palms	4	0%	2	100%	0	0%	1	50%	0	0%	0	0%	2	100%	1	50%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	2	100%
Valle Vista	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
White Water	3	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Winchester	1	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	100%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Woodcrest	28	2%	4	57%	0	0%	2	29%	0	0%	0	0%	2	29%	2	29%	4	57%	0	0%	1	14%	2	29%	0	0%
Blank	22	1%	9	41%	0	0%	14	64%	0	0%	2	9%	15	68%	14	64%	10	45%	10	45%	5	23%	8	36%	6	27%
Sub Total	101	-	13	-	0	-	10	-	3	-	6	-	17	-	17	-	7	-	7	-	3	-	6	-	9	-
Grand Total	1587	-	401	-	14	-	225	-	102	-	128	-	474	-	348	-	224	-	243	-	295	-	322	-	300	-

Note: N = 22 surveys had city location blank. These surveys were excluded from the table above. In addition, this table only includes cities or unincorporated areas with a count of at least one homeless individual.

## 2015 Sheltered Homeless Count Findings

Eight hundred and eighty three homeless individuals were counted during the shelter count. These individuals stayed in emergency shelters (including domestic violence shelters and hotel/motel vouchers) and transitional housing. This represents a 19% decrease from the 2013 sheltered count (n = 1,090). Among the subpopulations listed below, only one sub-group (transitional youth) displayed a decrease from 2013 to 2015. The remaining subpopulations actually increased from 2013.

Table 15 also compares the 2015 sheltered subpopulation counts to the 2013 counts. In the final column on the right of the table is the percent change between 2013 and 2015. It should be noted that this comparison does *not* take into account the total sample sizes for each year. The comparative data is presented this way in order to show the raw change in sheltered homeless subpopulation counts from 2013 to 2015.

*Table 15.* 2015 Sheltered Homeless Count by Subpopulation Data

Subpopulation	20	015	20	Percent Change	
	Count	Percent	Count	Percent	
Chronically Homeless Individuals	90	10%	30	4%	200%
HIV Positive/AIDS	5	1%	0	0%	-
Mental Health Problems	219	25%	84	11%	161%
Substance Users	159	18%	98	13%	62%
Unaccompanied Minor Youth (under 18)	185	21%	14	2%	1221%
Transitional Youth (18-24)	66	8%	90	12%	-27%
Veterans	43	5%	104	13%	-59%
Victims of Domestic Violence	101	11%	91	12%	11%
<b>Total Sheltered</b>	883	-	1090	-	-19%

<sup>\*</sup>Note: An individual could potentially be categorized into multiple or all subpopulations. Sheltered numbers came from HMIS as of 5-8-15.

#### **Conclusions**

There are several possible reasons for the overall decrease in the unsheltered homeless count from 2013 to 2015. Over the past several years, HUD continues to see a decrease in nationwide homelessness (especially in homeless veterans and chronically homeless). Thus, Riverside County's overall decline in 2015 is in line with declines on a national level. DPSS staff and our Continuum of Care community partners have identified the following factors that may have contributed to the decrease in Riverside County's homeless count since 2013.

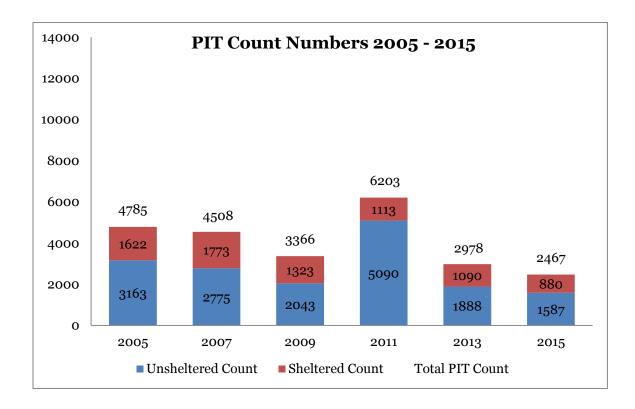
- 1. In March 2014 the Obama administration and HUD set a national priority to end homelessness among veterans by the end of 2015 and end chronic homelessness by the end of 2016. A national campaign and infusion of funding and other resources to counties and cities has helped reduce the number of homeless veterans in the United States by 24%. In 2013, there were 57,849 homeless veterans throughout the country.
  - a. This includes \$3 million in "surge" funding to nonprofit agencies to provide supportive services to veterans and their families the county received in 2014 from the U.S. Department of Veterans' Affairs (VA).
  - b. The funding helps with resources to identify homeless and very low-income veterans to help them move from temporary or transitional housing to permanent housing. The funding offers outreach, case management, connection to VA benefits and programs, and financial assistance for housing. In addition, the county received increased funding for the Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (HUD-VASH) program that provides rental assistance for homeless Veterans with case management and clinical services provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA).
- 2. County Supervisor John Tavaglione and former County Supervisor Jeff Stone established the Veterans Assistance Leadership of Riverside County (VALOR) initiative in May 2013 with the vision to end veteran homelessness in Riverside County, and appointed the Riverside County Housing Authority to lead a collaborative effort of public and nonprofit services to reach a goal to house 285 homeless veterans (in 100 days). This work helped pave the way for the broader goal of building a coordinated housing placement system that prioritizes homeless veterans.
- 3. The County of Riverside Continuum of Care (CoC), a network of homeless service providers, has made an impact in helping to eliminate homelessness. Specifically, the CoC implemented programs that have shown promise in placing chronically homeless people into permanent housing first and then providing needed services that address barriers that can keep a person in homelessness. The CoC also strengthened coordination among the network of providers and increased funding focused on preventing homelessness and helping individuals and families who are homeless become "rapidly re-housed" through temporary, one-time assistance.
- 4. New funding resources and a shifting of existing HUD funding created 640 new permanent housing beds for homeless individuals and families throughout the county between 2013 and 2014. This includes the funding and resources for veterans listed above.
- 5. There was evidence of homeless encampments in several areas, but no homeless individuals were present and therefore not counted. It was suggested that some homeless may have been displaced from their encampments due to the previous days of inclement weather and possibly encouraged to relocate by members of the community. Reports of cold temperatures and strong wind and rain both during the days leading up to and during the PIT Count may have impacted desert areas (such as Indio, Cathedral City, Palm Springs, etc.) and Banning, Beaumont, Hemet areas.
- 6. Although Jurupa Valley became an incorporated city in March 2011<sup>8</sup>, it was still considered an unincorporated area during the 2013 PIT Count. During that year, portions of the Santa Ana Riverbed that fell under Jurupa Valley's jurisdiction were included in the City of Riverside count. In 2015, however, Jurupa Valley was treated as its own city. In fact, Jurupa Valley was very active

 $<sup>^7\,</sup>http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/press/press\_releases\_media\_advisories/2014/HUDNo\_14-135$ 

<sup>8</sup> City of Jurupa Valley website http://jurupavalley.org/About-The-City/History

and engaged in conducting their PIT Count. This information helps explain the decrease in the City of Riverside's count from 2013 to 2015 and the relative increase in Jurupa Valley's count from 2013 to 2015.

In addition to the above rationale, Riverside County's PIT Count numbers have been steadily decreasing since the PIT Count was first implemented in 2005. One exception in the steady decline of homeless individuals occurred during the 2011 PIT Count. In this particular year a multiplier methodology was used whereby survey respondents were asked to estimate how many people usually stay at that location at night. The only year that utilized this multiplier methodology was 2011, which may explain the sudden increase in homeless people in this particular year.



## Challenges, Limitations, & Recommendations

#### **Street-Based Count**

The DPSS PIT Count Planning Team received a huge influx of volunteers during the days leading up to the PIT Count. However, there was not enough time to coordinate and deploy these last minute volunteers. Therefore, DPSS community partners should recruit and identify their volunteers much earlier on in the PIT Count planning process. In addition, the next PIT Count should implement a strict cut-off date which would require prospective volunteers to register at least two weeks prior to the PIT Count.

The primary challenge that the street-based volunteers encountered on the morning of the PIT Count was that they often found evidence of homeless habitation (tents, shopping carts, encampments, etc.) but no homeless people were observed at particular locations. The absence of homeless people in their place of habitation may be due to several reasons: (a) they may have already woken up and started their daily activities, (b) they may have been encouraged to leave the vicinity for a variety of reasons, or (c) they may have been reluctant or fearful to interact with PIT Count volunteers, especially those individuals who were accompanied by uniformed law or code enforcement officers.

Another limitation the PIT Count Planning team faced during the planning stage of the street-based count was securing law enforcement involvement. Some sites had law enforcement involvement and support both in (a) identifying homeless locations and (b) serving as escorts to volunteers who went to the larger encampment areas. Law enforcement involvement proved to be truly invaluable as these individuals knew exactly where to find many homeless encampments. However, not all sites were privileged to this type of law enforcement involvement. Moving forward, it is recommended to secure law enforcement involvement at every site as they play an integral role in the PIT Count success. More specifically, the PIT Count Planning Team should engage with all law enforcement units (particularly units that specialize in homeless outreach and who promote a positive attitude while offering assistance to the homeless community) early in the planning stages.

Another recommendation for the next PIT Count is to share the maps with Key Leaders at least a week or more in advance. Feedback received after the PIT Count indicated that if Key Leaders could assess maps in advance they would be better able to assign appropriate amounts of volunteers to different areas.

The PIT Count Planning Team acknowledges that volunteers were trained to use three different versions of the interview survey tool throughout the approximate three months in which the volunteer trainings were conducted (October 2014 to January 2015). Volunteers who attended the orientation early in the process were trained to use the original version of the interview survey while volunteers who attended the orientation in January were trained to use a different version of the survey. Although the final version of the interview survey selected for implementation was well constructed, it was a lengthy process to refine this survey by pilot testing and incorporating feedback from volunteers and the community. In order to reduce confusion, future PIT Counts should refrain from hosting volunteer training sessions until the survey tools are completely finalized.

## **Service-Based Count**

Several challenges were encountered with the service-based count. First, the list of service agencies was not comprehensive. The list was not comprehensive because this task was initiated in late

December and thus not enough time was permitted to create an exhaustive list. Large amounts of time and resources would be needed in order to create such a comprehensive list. The next PIT Count should consider eliciting assistance from DPSS Continuum of Care community partners in researching and creating a comprehensive list of homeless service agencies in Riverside County. Second, deployed volunteers were occasionally not welcomed by agency staff. This may be due to the fact that not all agency staff was aware that volunteers were being sent on that day or perhaps DPSS staff did not connect with the appropriate person at the agency to make such a decision. Therefore, future PIT Counts should conduct more thorough outreach to agencies well in advance of the PIT Count.

Finally, one recommendation for the next PIT Count is to note the exact time service agencies are feeding versus the precise time the line-up is permitted as it may be easier to survey individuals as they stand in line as opposed to while they are eating.

#### **Youth Count**

The PIT Count Planning Team faced several challenges during the Youth Count. Unaccompanied homeless youth are often difficult to find because they tend to (a) congregate at different times and places than older adults, (b) refuse (or are unaware of) social service programs and agencies, and (c) do not want to be found as they may be fleeing abuse or the foster care system. The Youth Count magnet events did not attract as many unaccompanied homeless youth as was projected. DPSS and Operation SafeHouse staff suggest that successfully advertising these events was an issue. The next Youth Count should implement different advertising strategies to promote the Youth Count methodology. Lastly, feedback from volunteers and homeless youth indicate that the youth interview survey was too long (5 pages). The next Youth Count should implement a much shorter version of the survey in order to avoid survey fatigue among participants.

#### **Shelter Count**

The shelter count primarily consisted of extracting data from the HMIS database. However, not all shelters participate in HMIS (nor do they receive HUD funding). It is important to attempt to include data from *all* homeless shelters, regardless of participation in HMIS. The list of non-HMIS participating shelters for 2015 was not comprehensive. This list was not comprehensive because this task was initiated in late December and thus not enough time was permitted to create an exhaustive list. Large amounts of time and resources would be needed in order to create such a comprehensive list. Increased efforts to engage shelters early on should be implemented by the PIT Count Planning Team and Continuum of Care partners. This may increase the likelihood that the list includes additional non-HMIS participating shelters, which would contribute to improved data collection. This research should involve internet searches, references from Continuum of Care organizations, and Yellow Pages searches. In addition, even more time would be needed to follow up with these shelters, build rapport, and to obtain the data needed regarding homeless clients served on the night of the PIT Count. Any shelters discovered during this search process should be verified that they met HUD's definition of homeless clientele.

Another challenge faced during the shelter count was that one shelter was renovating their facility on the night of the PIT Count (MFI Recovery Center – A Woman's Place) and two other shelters experienced a reallocation of funding (Lutheran Social Services - Amelia's Transitional Housing and Jewish Family Service – Desert Horizon). Therefore, these shelters housed homeless individuals in 2013 but not in 2015. Finally, the next sheltered PIT Count should incorporate a PIT survey and HIC survey that are clearer and closer in alignment to what HUD requires in the HDX data submission portal.

#### **Deduplication Method**

Although the process of creating a unique identifier for each individual could theoretically reduce the likelihood of duplicates, some completed surveys were returned with missing information. Therefore, the established deduplication method was less rigorous when used with missing data, including initials, birth month, and birth year.

#### **Incentives**

The incentive bags provided by DPSS were much appreciated by Riverside County's homeless population. Based on feedback provided by PIT Count volunteers, another good item to carry during the street-based count is dog food. Many homeless individuals and families have dogs. Having a small bag of dog food may be helpful in getting people to be responsive and open-minded to completing the PIT Count survey.

**Appendix A: Survey Instruments** 

# 2015 PIT Count Interview Survey

### APPLY OF THESE OPTIONS ARE SELECTED, STOP THE SURVEY**  2. Did another volunteer already ask you these same questions about where you stayed last night? OPT MORE (POR DO DK/REF Person 14 A First/Last 18 What is your (Person 15)  **Person 14 A First/Last 18 What is your (Person 15)  **Person 15	RIVERSIDE COUNTY DPSS Unsheltered Street Co	ount Form – Interview Tool JAN. 28, 2015
Use ONE FORM PER INDIVIDUAL OR FAMILY UNIT.   Where did you sleep last night?   DO NOT READ CATEGORIES   -SELECT DOTO COPTION ONLY)   Mark 1 to 1.3     One of the individual of the individua	Location of Interview: (BE SPECIFIC)	
1. Where did you sleep last night?   DO NOT READ CATEGORIES	Interviewer Name	Time:AM/PM
Street or sidewail   Abandoned building   But active instance airpoint   But active instanc	Where did you sleep last night? [DO NOT READ CATEGORIES     – SELECT ONE OPTION ONLY]	
(ii) Transitional housing (iii) hall hospital. treatment program (iiii) trest/hostel (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiii) (iiiii) (iiii) (iii) (iiii) (iii) (iiii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (iii) (i	(1) Street or sidewalk (5) Vehicle (car,van,RV,truck) (2) Abandoned building (6) Bus, train station, airport (7) Woods or outdoor encampment (4) Park (Specify) (8) Other (Specify)	TGMF=TG Male to Female; TGFM= TG Female to Male   Person 1:
8. Are you Hispanic or Latino?  9erson 1	Transitional housing  Jail, hospital, treatment program  Motel/hotel	Person 5: OM OF OTGMF OTGFM ODK/REF
your family unit, who slept in the same location with you last night? Adults (18+): Children (17 or under):  4. A) What are your initials [and other people in your family, from oldest to youngest]?  B) What is your relationship with person 2 to 5?  Mark 1 to 6 ① Child ② Spouse ② Other Family ② Non-Married Partner (5) Other/Non-Family ③ DK/REF  Person 4A. First/Last 4B. What is your (Person 1's) relationship to Persons 2 - 5  1	Did another volunteer already ask you these same questions about where you stayed last night?      YES NO DK/REF  ***IF YES, STOP THE SURVEY**	Person 1         YES         NO         DK/REF           Person 2         YES         NO         DK/REF           Person 3         YES         NO         DK/REF
4. A) What are your initials [and other people in your family, from oldest to youngest]?  B) What is your relationship with person 2 to 5?  Mark 1 to 6  ① Child ② Sopouse ③ Other Family ④ Non-Married Partner ③ Other/Non-family © Blick or African American Hoative Hawaiian, Pacific Islander  Person 4A. First/Last 4B. What is your (Person 1's) relationship to Persons 2 - 5  1 Self 2 ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ 4 ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ 5 ② 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ 5 ② 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑥ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑥ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ④ ⑥ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑥ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑥ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑥ ⑥ 5 ○ 1 ② ② ③ ④ ⑥ ⑥ 8 Navy ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	your family unit, who slept in the same location with you last	
B) What is your relationship with person 2 to 5?    Mark 1 to 6	from oldest to youngest]?	[READ CATEGORIES] PERSON # 1 2 3 4 5
Person   4A. First/Last   4B. What is your (Person 1's)   relationship to Persons 2 - 5	Mark 1 to 6  ① Child ② Spouse ③ Other Family	Asian O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Person 4A. First/Last 4B. What is your (Person 1's) # Initials relationship to Persons 2 - 5	
BIRTH MONTH   BIRTH YEAR   Marine Corps   O   O   O	2 1 2 3 4 5 6 3 1 2 3 4 5 6 4 1 2 3 4 5 6	Army O O O O Navy O O O O
Person 2: / Does Not Apply		Coast Guard O O O O Air Force O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
Person 4: /		
Person 2:		
Person 2:	What city AND state (or country if not in US) were you born	Person 2         YES         NO         DK/REF           Person 3         YES         NO         DK/REF           Person 4         YES         NO         DK/REF
Person 3: Person 1		12. During the past 12 months, were you released from jail
		Person 1 YES NO DK/REF
Person 3 O YES O NO O DK/REF	Person 4:	
Person 5: Person 4	Person 5:	Person 4 YES NO DK/REF

\*\*ONLY ASK 15 & 16 IF PERSON IS <u>NOT</u> HOMELESS FOR THE FIRST TIME\*\*

ANSWER Q14 AND SKIP Q15 & Q16j	15. Including this time, how many separate times have you
Person 1 OYES ONO OBK/REF	stayed in shelters or on the streets in the <u>past 3 years</u> ?
Person 2 YES NO DK/REF	Was it less than 4 times or more than 4 times?
Person 3 YES ONO OBK/REF	Less than 4 4 or more DK/REF
Person 4 YES NO OBK/REF	Person 1 O O
Person 5 YES NO DK/REF	Person 2 O O
14 Hambardan and Salahada	Person 3 O
14. How long have you currently been homeless? Only include	Person 4 O O
time spent staying in shelters and/or on the streets.	Person 5 O
Person 1: Days Weeks Months Years Person 2: Days Weeks Months Years	16. <u>In total</u> , how long did you stay in shelters or on the streets for those times?
Person 3: Days Weeks MonthsYears	Person 1: Days Weeks MonthsYears
Person 4: Days Weeks Months Years	Person 2: Days Weeks MonthsYears
Person 5: Days Weeks Months Years	Person 3: Days Weeks MonthsYears
read weeks months read	Person 4: Days Weeks MonthsYears
	Person 5: Days Weeks Months Years
READ: The next few questions are private and sensitive in nature meant to make you feel uncomfortable, but rather are simply pa	rt of the survey. YOUR RESPONSES ARE VOLUNTARY.
17. Please tell file whether any of these situations apply to you:	
a. Do you drink alcohol?	PERSON # 1 2 3 4 5
*	ng a job or living in stable housing?
b. Do you use drugs? This includes prescription drugs that were	
	ng a job or living in stable housing?
c. Do you have any ongoing health problems such as diabetes, co	
	ng a job or living in stable housing?
d. Do you have Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder or PTSD?	
[IF NECESSARY, EXPLAIN: a condition that can occur in people who has	ave seen or had life-threatening
events such as natural disasters, serious accidents, war, or personal	violence.]
If YES, does it keep you from holdii	ng a job or living in stable housing?
e. Do you have any emotional or mental health conditions?	
If YES, does it keep you from holdii	ng a job or living in stable housing?
f. Do you have a physical disability?	
If YES, does it keep you from holdii	ng a job or living in stable housing?
g. Do you have a developmental disability?	
	ng a job or living in stable housing?
h. Have you ever had a serious injury to your brain?	
If YES, does it keep you from holdii	ng a job or living in stable housing?
18. Please tell me whether any of these situations apply to you	
a. Have you goes received special advention consists for your	PERSON # 1 2 3 4 5
<ul> <li>Have you ever received special education services for more t</li> <li>Do you have AIDS or an HIV-related illness?</li> </ul>	nan o months:
c. Do you receive disability benefits such as Social Security Inco	or vilidesiG 22 (122) am
Veteran's Disability Benefits?	nine (331), 33 Disability, Oi
d. Have you ever been physically, emotionally, or sexually abus	ed by a relative or another person
you have stayed with, such as a spouse, partner, brother or s	·
e. Have you ever been a victim of domestic violence or intimate	

13. Is this the first time you have been homeless? [IF YES,

## 2015 PIT Count Interview Survey – Spanish Translation

RIVE	RSIDE COU	INTY DPSS	Unsheltered Street Count-	- Spanish Interview Tool JAN. 28, 2015
Loca	ation of In	terview: (BE SP	ECIFIC)	_
Inte	rviewer N	ame		Time:AM/PM
	¿Donde du	rmio anoche? [ Mark 1 to 13	L OR FAMILY UNIT. IDO NOT READ CATEGORIES]	Las siguientes preguntas pueden parecer obvias, pero no queremos asumir las repuestas. Queremos saber cómo se identifica, así que voy a leer cada pregunta y todas las opciones de respuesta.
		abandonado puente/sobre puente (Specify)	Vehículo (auto,van,RV,camioneta)     Autobús, estación de tren, aeropuerto     Bosque or encampamento     Otro (Specify)	7. ¿Eres Masculino (M), Femenino (F), o Transgenero (TG)?  TGMF: Masculino a Femenino; TGFM: Femenino a Masculino  Persona 1:
	① Motel	/hotel	Cárcel, hospital, programa de tratamiento  S ARE SELECTED, STOP THE SURVEY*	Persona 4: OM OF OTGMF OTGFM ONS/NC Persona 5: OM OF OTGMF OTGFM ONS/NC
	donde dur	mió anoche? () S ***IF YES, S	untario la misma pregunta sobre SÍ ONO ONS/NC STOP THE SURVEY** tos adultos y niños están en su	8. ¿Eres Hispano(a) o Latino(a)?  Persona 1
	unidad de con usted?	familia, y que du	rmieron anoche en el mismo lugar	Persona 5 Sí NO NS/NC
	Adulto	s (18+):	Niños (17 o menos):	¿Cuál es su raza? Puede seleccionar una o más razas. [READ CATEGORIES]
	familia, emp		is iniciales de las otras personas en su la de más edad hasta el más joven]? personas 2 al 5?	PERSONA # 1 2 3 4 5 Indio Americano/Nativo de Alaska
		1 Niño(a) 4 Pareja (No casado	② Esposo(a) ③ Otra Familia	Nativo Hawaiano o Isleños del Pacifico
	Persona #	4A. Primer/Ultimo Inicial	4B. ¿Cuál es su relación con Personas 2 al 5?	No Se/No Contesto (NS/NC)
	1 2		Usted 1 2 3 4 5 6	10. ¿Has servido en el servicio activo en las fuerzas amadas de los Estados Unidos?  PERSONA # 1 2 3 4 5
	3 4		1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6	Ejercito O O O
5	5 •Cuál es el	mes v el año de	1 2 3 4 5 6 su cumpleaños? [ENTER MM/YY]	Guardia Costera OOOOO
	Me	s de su Cumpleaño		Fuerza Aerea OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO
	ona 1: _ ona 2: _		/	Reserva O O O O O No Aplica O O O O
	ona 3:		/	11. ¿Alguna vez ha recibido atención de la salud o beneficios en un centro médico de la Administración de Veteranos?
	ona 4: _ ona 5: _		/ — — / — —	Persona 1 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC Persona 2 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC
6.	¿En qué ciu	ıdad y estado o p CIUDAD	país nació usted? ESTADO O PAÍS	Persona 3 SÍ NO NS/NC Persona 4 SÍ NO NS/NC Persona 5 SÍ NO NS/NC
l				12. ¿Durante los últimos 12 meses, ha sido liberado(a) de la cárcel o prisión después de cumplir una sentencia judicial?
				Persona 2 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC Persona 2 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC
l				Persona 3 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC Persona 4 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC
				Persona 5 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC

13. ¿Es la primera vez que esta sin hogar? [IF YES, ANSWER	**ONLY ASK 15 & 16 IF PERSON IS <u>NOT</u>	HOMELESS FOR	THE FIRST TI	ME**
Q14 AND SKIP Q15 & Q16]	15. ¿Incluyendo esta vez, cuántas ve	ces separadas	se ha queda	do en
Persona 1 ○ SÍ ○ NO ○ NS/NC	refugios o en las calles en los últ			
Persona 2 OSI ONO ONS/NC	4 veces o 4 veces o más?			
Persona 3 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC	Menos de 4	4 o Más	NS/NC	
Persona 4 OSI ONO ONS/NC	Persona 1	0	0	
Persona 5 OSÍ ONO ONS/NC	Persona 2	0	00000	
	Persona 3	0	0	
14. ¿Cuánto tiempo lleva viviendo sin hogar?	Persona 4	0	0	
	Persona 5	0	0	
Persona 1: Días Semanas MesesAños				
Persona 2: Días Semanas Meses Años	16. ¿En total, ¿Durante esos tiem		tiempo se q	uedó
	en un refugio o en las calles?			
Persona 3: Días Semanas MesesAños	Persona 1: Días Se	manas	Meses	Años
Persona 4: Días Semanas MesesAños	Persona 2: Días Se	manas	Meses	Años
Persona 5: Días Semanas MesesAños	Persona 3: Días Se	manas	Meses	Años
	Persona 4: Días Se	manas	Meses	Años
	Persona 5: Días Se	manas	Meses	Años
READ: Algunas de las siguientes preguntas son privadas y sensitiv	as. Me disculpo, estas preguntas n	o son para qu	ie se sienta	
incómodo(a), son simplemente parte de la encuesta. SUS REPUES	STAS SON TOTALMENTE VOLUNTAR	IAS.		
17. ¿Alguna de estas situaciones le aplican?	REPUESTA:	sí (s) N	O(N) NS	/NC
	PERSONA #	1 2	3 4	5
a. ¿Usted bebe alcohol?				
SI LA REPUESTA ES SÍ, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar	ntenga un trabajo o un hogar estable?			$\overline{}$
b. ¿Usted usa drogas? Esto incluye drogas recetadas pero no recetada	s para usted.			
SI LA REPUESTA ES SÍ, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar				
C. ¿Tiene alguna condición médica como el diabetes, cáncer o enferm				
SI LA REPUESTA ES SÍ, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar				_
¿Tiene trastorno por estrés postraumático o TEPT? [IF NECESSARY,				-
ocurrir en personas que han visto o tenido acontecimientos peligroso				
naturales, accidentes, guerra o violencia personal].	os en su vida tal como desastres			
SI LA REPUESTA ES SÍ, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar				_
	itenga un trabajo o un nogar estable:			-
d. ¿Tiene alguna condición psiquiátrica o emocional?				_
SI LA REPUESTA ES SI, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar	ntenga un trabajo o un hogar estable?			
e. ¿Tiene alguna incapacidad físico?				
SI LA REPUESTA ES SI, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar	ntenga un trabajo o un hogar estable?			_
f. ¿Tiene alguna incapacidad de desarrollo?				
SI LA REPUESTA ES SÍ, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar	ntenga un trabajo o un hogar estable?			_
g. ¿Ha tenido una lesión o golpe grave al cerebro?				
SI LA REPUESTA ES SÍ, ¿esto le ha impedido que mar	ntenga un trabajo o un hogar estable?			
18. ¿Alguna de estas situaciones le aplican?—Su repuesta es vol		SÍ (S) N		/NC
	PERSONA #	1 2	3 4	5
a. ¿Alguna vez ha recibido servicios de educación especial por r	nás de 6 meses?			
b. ¿Tiene el SIDA o una enfermedad relacionada con el VIH?				
c. ¿Recibe algún beneficio de incapacidad como beneficios por	incapacidad de seguro social			
(SSI), Seguro Social incapacidad o de los veteranos?				—
d. ¿Ha sido físicamente, emocionalmente o sexualmente abusa				
persona con quien usted ha vivido como cónyuge, compañe	ro, hermano o hermana, o sus			
padres?  e i Ha sido víctima de violencia doméstica o violencia de un co				₩
Le Lina sido victima de violencia domestica o violencia de lin col	mnanero(a) intima (			1

# 2015 PIT Count Observational Tool

RIV	/ERSIDE COUNTY DPSS Unsheltered Street Count	For	m – Obs	ervational Tool	JAN. 28, 2015
Lo	sation of Interviews (RESDECIFIC)				
	cation of Interview: (BE SPECIFIC)				
Int	erviewer Name			Time:	AM/PM
	E ONE FORM PER INDIVIDUAL OR FAMILY UNIT.	7.	What	is the person's race? [You can	select one or more
1.	Please indicate why you are using the observational tool: CHECK ONE PER PERSON 1 2 3 4 5		races]	PERSON #	1 2 3 4 5
	Barriers to enter site () () ()		Ame	rican Indian or Alaska Native	
	Site was unsafe to enter OOOO			Asia	
	Person refused to participate OOOO		Mati	Black or African American ive Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	
	Person was sleeping O O O		IVal	White	
	Language barrier OOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOOO			Don't Know	ŏŏŏŏŏ
	Unable to respond (i.e., mental \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	١.	Other	information or identifying the	
	issaes, interieutory	8.		information or identifying cha le, please include:	iracteristics. II
2.	Total persons perceived to be staying together as a family			Clothing (hats, accessor	ries, any military or
	unit: Adults (18+): Children (17 or under):			other emblems)	
	Addits (15-)			<ul> <li>Other physical character like tattoos, scars, brace</li> </ul>	
3.	<u>Location</u> where observed [SELECT ONLY ONE CATEGORY]	۱			
	Mark 1 to 8  (1) Street or sidewalk (5) Vehicle (car, van, RV, truck)	ı	Person	Description	
	Abandoned building	⊩	1		
	Under bridge/overpass		•		
	What is the person's estimated age?				
4.	Mark 1 to 9				
	① age 17 or under ② age 18 to 24 ③ age 25 to 29	ΙL			
	(4) age 30 to 39 (5) age 40 to 49 (6) age 50-61 (7) age 62 to 69 (8) age 70 to 79 (9) age 80+		2		
	Person   Age Range				
	#				
	1 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9				
	2 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	╟	3		
	3 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9				
	5 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9				
_	Later and the first state of the state of th				
5.	Is the person male or female?  Person 1:  M  F  Don't know	╟			
	Person 2: OM OF ODon't know		4		
	Person 3: OM OF ODon't know				
	Person 4:  M  F  Don't know Person 5:  M  F  Don't know				
6.	Is the person Hispanic or Latino?  Person 1 YES NO Don't know		5		
	Person 2 OYES ONO ODOn't know				
	Person 3 YES NO Don't know				
	Person 4         YES         NO         Don't know           Person 5         YES         NO         Don't know				
	TOSOIS OTES ONO ODOITEMON	└			

Riverside DPSS ASD / 1-5-15 / v4

## 2015 PIT Youth Count Interview Survey

2015 YOUTH COUNT QUESTIONNAIRE - MAGNET EVENTS Jan.27

INTRODUCTION: Hello, my name is, and I am helping to	conduct a brief survey to better understand the housing needs of
young people in our community. It should only take about 10 minutes of	
and services for young people in our community. If you have not yet tal	ken this survey, are you interested in taking it now?
SURVEY LOCATION:	SURVEY DATE:
UNIQUE ID:	///////
First and Last Initial City Born	
[ENTER COUNTRY	
•	
HOUSING STATUS & STABILITY – First, I have some questions been staying.	about your housing, including where you have
1. Where will you be staying tonight?	
Please select one of the following options.	
a. Home of my parent, guardian, or foster parent, or grou	ip home
b. My own home or apartment	
c. Friend, partner (boyfriend/girlfriend), or other relative	s home (choose one):
c(1). Indoors, on a couch or in a place meant for r	•
c(2). Indoors, in a place not meant for regular slee	
c(3). Outdoors, in a yard or shed/storage area	
d. With someone I did not know because I needed a place	
e. Shelter or transitional living program	,
f. Hotel/motel (choose one):	· -
f(1). Paid for by a program or agency with a voucl	ner $\square$
f(2). Paid for some other way	
g. Outdoors or in a public place, like a park, the street, a	campground, a train or bus station, etc.
h. Car, RV, abandoned building, or squat	
i. Hospital, psychiatric facility, or drug/alcohol treatment	center
j. Juvenile detention, jail, or prison	
k. Somewhere else (please specify):	
2. How long have you been staying there?	5. How many <u>different times</u> have you stayed in shelters
# Days Weeks Months Years	or places not meant for regular sleeping over the past 3
#Daysveeksiviolitis reals	years? # times
3. Do you think you could stay there for the next 14	years. # times
days without being asked to leave?	
a. □ Yes b. □ No c. □ I don't know	6. In total, how much time would you say you spent
	staying in shelters or places not meant for regular
4. How long have you currently been without a home	sleeping?
or a regular place to stay?	a. □ 1-5 days b. □ 1-3 weeks c. □ 1-3 months
# Days Weeks Months Years	a. 🗆 1-3 years b. 🗆 other
<ol> <li>Did you ever lose your housing or become homeless apply.</li> </ol>	for any of the following reasons? Check all that
	e. Differences with parents due to LGBT
<ul> <li>a.</li></ul>	issues
home	f. Uiolence at home between family
c.   Kicked out of my family home	members
d.   Kicked out of a group home or foster home	g.   Because of some other reason (please specify):
-	

DEMOGRAPHIC & HOUSEHOLD INFORMATION – Now, I am going to ask you for some information about your background, including how you identify in your race and ethnicity, gender, and sexual orientation. We would like to improve services for all youth including LGBT youth.

8. Do you identify as Hispanic or Latino? a. □ Yes b. □ No	•			thin	ch of the follo k of yourself?	wing bes	t represe	ents ho	w you	ı
9. With which race(s) do you most ide all that apply.  a. Black/African American b. Native American or Alaskan N c. Asian d. Native Hawaiian or Other Paci e. White f. Don't know	ative			b. c. d. e. f. g.	Gay Lesbian Straight Bisexual Queer I don't kno	to answe	r			
10. How do you identify?  a.	few ques e not me	ant to mak re complet	rivate se you sely vo	b. A a. c. e. and	l uncomfortab tary. This set o	dren hav ecting pa b. d. able sature. I a le, but ra f questio	e you had Not arent? No Prefe	d? applica er not t for the simply	o answ e part o	
Do you or have you experienced:	Yes	No		_	does this keep	-		Yes	No	N/A
a. Chronic depression			_		g a job or stabl		g?			
□ Self-diagnosed □ Clinically					ronic depressio					
Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)     Serious mental health issue			-		t-Traumatic Stre					
d. Alcohol use			-		ious mental he	alth issu	e			
e. Drug use					ohol use					
f. Learning disability			-		ig use				<u> </u>	
g. Traumatic brain injury			$\overline{}$		rning disability				<u> </u>	
h. Chronic health condition					umatic brain ir					
i. HIV positive diagnosis/AIDS			i.		ronic health co / positive diagr					
j. STD/STI			j.		)/STI	IOSIS/AID	,			
k. Physical disability					sical disability					
Physical, sexual, emotional abuse			1.	_	sical, sexual, e		abuse			
m. Domestic/intimate partner violence			m.		mestic/intimate					
Comment Box: a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h. i. j. k. l. m.										

EDUCATION, EMPLOYMENT, & EXPERIENCES - Next, I am going to ask a few questions about your education and employment, and some of your life experiences. 14. What is the last year of school you completed? 22. Are you currently accessing any of the following a.  $\square$  9<sup>th</sup> grade or less f.  $\square$  Associate's degree b.  $\square$  9<sup>th</sup> – 11<sup>th</sup> grade g.  $\square$  Bachelor's degree services/assistance in the community? a. 

Emergency shelter c. □ 12<sup>th</sup> grade (diploma) h. □ Post-secondary b. 

Free meals d. 

GED certificate c. 

Bus passes training e. 

Some college d. 

Job training/employment services e. 

Drop-in/Shelter day services 15. Are you currently attending or enrolled in school? f. 

Legal assistance b. 

No g. 

| Transitional housing a.  $\square$  Yes h. 

Immigration services 16. Do you currently have a job, paid internship, or i. 

Health services other type of employment? j. 

Mental health services b. 🗆 No a. 🗌 Yes k. 

☐ Alcohol/drug counseling Other: 17. Have you ever been in foster care? For example, m. 

Not using any services were you ever taken out of your home and placed with other family members, a foster family, a group home, etc. 23. Do you receive any disability benefits such as Social a. 🗆 Yes b. 🗆 No Security Income (SSI), SS Disability, or Veteran's Disability Benefits? 18. Before you were 18, were you ever involved in the a. 🗆 Yes b. 

No justice system? This includes jail, juvenile hall, probation camp, etc. 24. Have any of the following issues prevented you a. 🗆 Yes b. 

No from accessing these services? Check all that apply. a. 

Lack of transportation 19. As an adult (age 18 and over), have you ever been b. 

Did not have I.D./personal documents involved in the justice system? This includes staying c. Did not know where to go for help overnight or longer in jail or prison, and being on d. 

Did not qualify for services probation or parole. e. 

□ Placed on a wait list and never heard back b. 🗆 No c. 

Not applicable a. 🗆 Yes f. Did not follow through or return for services □ Language barrier 20. Have you ever served in the U.S. Armed Forces? This h. 
 ☐ Felt uncomfortable includes the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast i. 

Could not access services for people my age Guard, or active duty National Guard/Reserve. j. 

Some other reason: \_ a. 🗆 Yes b. 

No

21. Have you ever received health care benefits from a

h  $\square$  No

Veterans Administration medical center?

a. 🗆 Yes

k. 

I have not experienced any issues

HOUSEHOLD - Lastly, I have some questions about the household members who are staying with you. Again, your responses will not be shared with anyone outside of our team. 25. Including yourself, how many people in your family/friend circle will sleep in the same place as you tonight? Youth (18-24) Adults (25 and older) Children (under 18) By yourself (If this box is checked do NOT complete questions 26-27) 26. You said there will be [X] people in your family/friend circle tonight. Not including yourself, what is their: Person 1 Person 2 Person 3 Person 4 Person 5 First & Last Initial ☐ Child ☐ Child ☐ Child ☐ Child ☐ Child Relationship to you □ Spouse or ☐ Spouse or □ Spouse or □ Spouse or ☐ Spouse or partner partner partner partner partner □ Other family □ Non-married □ Non-married □ Non-married □ Non-married □ Non-married partner partner partner partner partner □ Other □ Other □ Other □ Other □ Other Age Year/Month of Birthday [MM/YY] Ethnicity □ Non-Hispanic/ □ Non-Hispanic/ □ Non-Hispanic/ □ Non-Hispanic/ □ Non-Hispanic/ non-Latino non-Latino non-Latino non-Latino non-Latino ☐ Hispanic/Latino ☐ Hispanic/Latino ☐ Hispanic/Latino ☐ Hispanic/Latino ☐ Hispanic/Latino Race □ Black/African □ Black/African □ Black/African □ Black/African □ Black/African American American American American American □ Native □ Native □ Native □ Native □ Native American or American or American or American or American or Alaskan Native Alaskan Native Alaskan Native Alaskan Native Alaskan Native ☐ Asian ☐ Asian ☐ Asian ☐ Asian ☐ Asian □ Native □ Native □ Native □ Native □ Native Hawaiian or Hawaiian or Hawaiian or Hawaiian or Hawaiian or Other Pacific Other Pacific Other Pacific Other Pacific Other Pacific Islander Islander Islander Islander Islander □ White □ White □ White □ White □ White Person 1 Person 2 Person 3 Person 4 Person 5 How Do They □ Male □ Male □ Male □ Male Identify? □ Male □ Female □ Female □ Female □ Female □ Female □ Transgender □ Transgender □ Transgender □ Transgender □ Transgender (Male to Female) □ Transgender □ Transgender □ Transgender □ Transgender □ Transgender

(Female to Male)

□ Not sure

#### 27. If person(s) are greater than 18: Have they: (If person(s) are less than 18, then skip this question)

	Person 1	Person 2	Person 3	Person 4	Person 5					
Stayed in shelters or places	☐ Yes									
not meant for regular	□ No									
sleeping 4 or more times in										
the last 3 years?										
How much time in the last 3	Days	Days	Days	Days	Days					
years have they spent	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks					
staying in shelters or places	Months	Months	Months	Months	Months					
not meant for regular	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years					
sleeping?										
Ever served in the U.S.	☐ Yes									
Armed Forces?	□ No									
Do they or have they ever	☐ Chronic									
experienced any	depression	depression	depression	depression	depression					
of the following	□ PTSD									
physical, mental, emotional,	☐ Serious mental									
or developmental issues?	health issue									
IF YES: Which?	☐ Alcohol use	☐Alcohol use	☐Alcohol use	☐Alcohol use	□Alcohol use					
	abuse issue									
	☐ Learning									
	disability	disability	disability	disability	disability					
	☐ Traumatic									
	brain injury									
	☐ Chronic	□ Chronic	□ Chronic	□ Chronic	□ Chronic					
	health condition									
	☐ HIV / AIDS									
	□ STD / STI									
	□ Physical	□ Physical	□ Physical	☐ Physical	□ Physical					
	disability	disability	disability	disability	disability					
IF YES: Does it keep them	☐ Yes									
from holding a job or stable	□ No									
housing?										
28. Where can we encounter other unaccompanied homeless youth?										
THANK YOU for taking the time to participate in this survey! Is there anything else you would like to share to help us better serve you and other young people in our community?										
NAME OF INTERVIEWER: DATE:a.m. or p.m LOCATION:	1.									
Riverside DPSS ASD / SafeHouse / VLB v	5				December 2014					

\*Modified from: We Count California! Homeless Youth Project (UC Berkeley Researchers)

**Appendix B: City Summary Tables** 

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - BANNING

		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	5	0	0	0	5	17%	
	Asian	1	0	0	0	1	3%	
	Black or African American	3	0	0	0	3	10%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	White	14	1	0	0	15	50%	
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	3	1	0	0	4	13%	
	Blank	2	0	0	0	2	7%	
	Hispanic	7	0	0	0	7	1%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	21	1	0	0	22	73%	
	Blank	0	1	0	0	1	3%	
	Female	9	0	0	0	9	30%	
	Male	18	2	0	0	20	67%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	1	0	0	0	1	3%	
Age	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	1	0	0	0	1	3%	
	25-29	3	0	0	0	3	10%	
	30-39	12	1	0	0	13	43%	
	40-49	2	0	0	0	2	7%	
	50-61	10	0	0	0	10	33%	

	62-69	0	1	0	0	1	3%
	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	9		0		9	32%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	4		0		4	14%
	Veterans	6		0		6	21%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	4		0		4	14%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	6		0		6	21%
	Domestic Violence	9		0		9	32%
	Special Education	5		0		5	18%
	Alcohol Use	15		0		15	54%
	Drug Use	10		0		10	36%
	Ongoing Health Problems	5		0		5	18%
	PTSD	4		0		4	14%
	Mental Health Conditions	4		0		4	14%
	Physical Disability	6		0		6	21%
	Developmental Disability	4		0		4	14%
	Brain Injury	6		0		6	21%
Totals		28	2	0	0	30	2%

		Gener	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Black or African American	1	1	0	0	2	14%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	1	0	0	1	7%	
	White	11	0	0	0	11	79%	
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Hispanic	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	12	2	0	0	14	100%	
	Blank	2	0	0	0	2	14%	
	Female	2	1	0	0	3	21%	
	Male	10	1	0	0	11	79%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Age	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	25-29	1	0	0	0	1	7%	
	30-39	2	1	0	0	3	21%	
	40-49	1	1	0	0	2	14%	
	50-61	5	0	0	0	5	36%	
	62-69	3	0	0	0	3	21%	

	70-79 80+	0	0	0	0	0	0% 0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	4		0	-	4	33%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	3		0		3	25%
	Veterans	2		0		2	17%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	4		0		4	33%
	Foster Care			0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	5		0		5	42%
	Domestic Violence	2		0		2	17%
	Special Education	2		0		2	17%
	Alcohol Use	7		0		7	58%
	Drug Use	3		0		3	25%
	Ongoing Health Problems	3		0		3	25%
	PTSD	3		0		3	25%
	Mental Health Conditions	4		0		4	33%
	Physical Disability	2		0		2	17%
	Developmental Disability	0		0		0	0%
	Brain Injury	2		0		2	17%
Totals		12	2	0	0	14	1%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - BLYTHE

		Gener	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	1	0	0	1	2%
	Asian	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	Black or African American	4	1	0	0	5	10%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	21	15	0	0	36	69%
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	4	5	0	0	9	17%
	Hispanic	4	5	0	0	9	1%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	26	17	0	0	43	83%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Female	6	5	0	0	11	21%
	Male	24	17	0	0	41	79%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	25-29	0	1	0	0	1	2%
Age	30-39	3	2	0	0	5	10%
	40-49	4	6	0	0	10	19%
	50-61	17	13	0	0	30	58%
	62-69	4	0	0	0	4	8%

	Blank	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	Chronically Homeless	20		0		20	67%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	6		0		6	20%
	Veterans	8		0		8	27%
	Veterans Benefits	2		0		2	7%
	Disability Benefits	13		0		13	43%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	1		0		1	3%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	8		0		8	27%
	Domestic Violence	4		0		4	13%
	Special Education	6		0		6	20%
	Alcohol Use	12		0		12	40%
	Drug Use	11		0		11	37%
	Ongoing Health Problems	15		0		15	50%
	PTSD	8		0		8	27%
	Mental Health Conditions	17		0		17	57%
	Physical Disability	18		0		18	60%
	Developmental Disability	8		0		8	27%
	Brain Injury	7		0		7	23%
Totals		30	22	0	0	52	3%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - CATHEDRAL CITY

		Genera	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	3	0	0	0	3	8%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	2	0	0	0	2	5%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	19	5	0	0	24	63%
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	1	5	0	0	6	16%
	Blank	0	2	0	0	2	5%
	Hispanic	4	2	0	0	6	1%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	22	9	0	0	31	82%
	Blank	0	1	0	0	1	3%
	Female	6	4	0	0	10	26%
	Male	20	6	0	0	26	68%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	2	0	0	2	5%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	0	2	0	0	2	5%
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	25-29	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Age	30-39	4	2	0	0	6	16%
	40-49	2	2	0	0	4	11%
	50-61	14	3	0	0	17	45%
	62-69	3	1	0	0	4	11%

	70-79	1	0	0	0	1	3%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	2	2	0	0	4	11%
	Chronically Homeless	9		0		9	35%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	3		0		3	12%
	Veterans	5		0		5	19%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	9		0		9	35%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	4		0		4	15%
	Domestic Violence	5		0		5	19%
	Special Education	1		0		1	4%
	Alcohol Use	12		0		12	46%
	Drug Use	10		0		10	38%
	Ongoing Health Problems	10		0		10	38%
	PTSD	7		0		7	27%
	Mental Health Conditions	12		0		12	46%
	Physical Disability	11		0		11	42%
	Developmental Disability	4		0		4	15%
	Brain Injury	4		0		4	15%
Totals		26	12	0	0	38	2%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - COACHELLA

		Genera	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	2	0	0	0	2	5%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	18	1	0	0	19	46%
	Multiple Races	3	0	0	0	3	7%
	Don't Know or Refused	11	2	0	0	13	32%
	Blank	3	0	0	0	3	7%
	Hispanic	15	2	0	0	17	3%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	23	1	0	0	24	59%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Female	9	0	0	0	9	22%
	Male	29	3	0	0	32	78%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	18-24	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	25-29	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Age	30-39	5	1	0	0	6	15%
	40-49	10	1	0	0	11	27%
	50-61	17	1	0	0	18	44%
	62-69	4	0	0	0	4	10%

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	15		0		15	39%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	8		0		8	21%
	Veterans	11		0		11	29%
	Veterans Benefits	1		0		1	3%
	Disability Benefits	7		0		7	18%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	8		0		8	21%
	Domestic Violence	11		0		11	29%
	Special Education	2		0		2	5%
	Alcohol Use	19		0		19	50%
	Drug Use	11		0		11	29%
	Ongoing Health Problems	12		0		12	32%
	PTSD	5		0		5	13%
	Mental Health Conditions	8		0		8	21%
	Physical Disability	11		0		11	29%
	Developmental Disability	7		0		7	18%
	Brain Injury	11		0		11	29%
Totals		38	3	0	0	41	3%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - CORONA

		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	2	0	0	0	2	3%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	4	2	0	0	6	9%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	2	0	0	0	2	3%
	White	32	7	0	0	39	57%
	Multiple Races	2	0	0	0	2	3%
	Don't Know or Refused	10	3	0	0	13	19%
	Blank	6	0	0	0	6	9%
	Hispanic	27	1	0	0	28	4%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	29	8	0	0	37	54%
	Blank	1	3	0	0	4	6%
	Female	23	1	0	0	24	35%
	Male	33	9	0	0	42	61%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	1	2	0	0	3	4%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	18-24	6	0	0	0	6	9%
Age	25-29	8	1	0	0	9	13%
	30-39	10	2	0	0	12	17%
	40-49	12	1	0	0	13	19%

	50-61	17	6	0	0	23	33%
	62-69	2	0	0	0	2	3%
	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	2	2	0	0	4	6%
	Chronically Homeless	20		0		20	35%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	15		0		15	26%
	Veterans	2		0		2	4%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	6		0		6	11%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	2		0		2	4%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	7		0		7	12%
	Domestic Violence	10		0		10	18%
	Special Education	6		0		6	11%
	Alcohol Use	19		0		19	33%
	Drug Use	17		0		17	30%
	Ongoing Health Problems	12		0		12	21%
	PTSD	6		0		6	11%
	Mental Health Conditions	9		0		9	16%
	Physical Disability	16		0		16	28%
	Developmental Disability	5		0		5	9%
	Brain Injury	5		0		5	9%
Totals		57	12	0	0	69	4%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - DESERT HOT SPRINGS

		Genera	I PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	0	0	1	5%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	9	5	0	0	14	67%
	Multiple Races	1	0	0	0	1	5%
	Don't Know or Refused	1	1	0	0	2	10%
	Blank	3	0	0	0	3	14%
	Hispanic	4	1	0	0	5	1%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	11	4	0	0	15	71%
	Blank	0	1	0	0	1	5%
	Female	2	2	0	0	4	19%
	Male	13	4	0	0	17	81%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	0		0	0	0	0%
	18-24	1	1	0	0	2	10%
	25-29	2	2	0	0	4	19%
Age	30-39	3	1	0	0	4	19%
	40-49	5	0	0	0	5	24%
	50-61	3	2	0	0	5	24%
	62-69	1	0	0	0	1	5%

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	6		0		6	40%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	2		0		2	13%
	Veterans	1		0		1	7%
	Veterans Benefits	2		0		2	13%
	Disability Benefits	5		0		5	33%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	3		0		3	20%
	Domestic Violence	5		0		5	33%
	Special Education	3		0		3	20%
	Alcohol Use	7		0		7	47%
	Drug Use	4		0		4	27%
	Ongoing Health Problems	5		0		5	33%
	PTSD	2		0		2	13%
	Mental Health Conditions	6		0		6	40%
	Physical Disability	3		0		3	20%
	Developmental Disability	1		0		1	7%
	Brain Injury	5		0		5	33%
Totals		15	6	0	0	21	1%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - HEMET

		Genera	I PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	3	0	0	0	3	3%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	9	3	0	0	12	10%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	71	7	0	0	78	67%
	Multiple Races	2	0	0	0	2	2%
	Don't Know or Refused	7	2	0	0	9	8%
	Blank	11	2	0	0	13	11%
	Hispanic	24	2	0	0	26	4%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	74	9	0	0	83	71%
	Blank	5	3	0	0	8	7%
	Female	26	3	0	0	29	25%
	Male	72	9	0	0	81	69%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	3	0	0	0	3	3%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	2	0	0	2	2%
	Blank	2	0	0	0	2	2%
	17 or under	1	0	0	0	1	1%
	18-24	4	0	0	0	4	3%
	25-29	4	4	0	0	8	7%
Age	30-39	20	5	0	0	25	21%
	40-49	29	3	0	0	32	27%
	50-61	22	1	0	0	23	20%
	62-69	7	0	0	0	7	6%

	70-79	0	1	0	0	1	1%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	16	0	0	0	16	14%
	Chronically Homeless	29		0		29	28%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	28		0		28	27%
	Veterans	5		0		5	5%
	Veterans Benefits	6		0		6	6%
	Disability Benefits	15		0		15	15%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	2		0		2	2%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	21		0		21	20%
	Domestic Violence	24		0		24	23%
	Special Education	17		0		17	17%
	Alcohol Use	47		0		47	46%
	Drug Use	28		0		28	27%
	Ongoing Health Problems	30		0		30	29%
	PTSD	14		0		14	14%
	Mental Health Conditions	32		0		32	31%
	Physical Disability	24		0		24	23%
	Developmental Disability	18		0		18	17%
	Brain Injury	12		0		12	12%
Totals		103	14	0	0	117	7%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - INDIO

Field		Genera	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	2	1	0	0	3	3%	
	Asian	1	0	0	0	1	1%	
	Black or African American	4	0	0	0	4	4%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	1	0	0	0	1	1%	
	White	34	6	0	1	41	45%	
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	11	1	0	1	13	14%	
	Blank	14	15	0	0	Count  3  1  4  1  41  0	32%	
	Hispanic	40	13	0	0	53	8%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	20	3	0	2	25	27%	
	Blank	7	7	0	0	Count  3  1  4  1  41  0  13  29  53  25  14  25  63  0  1  0  3  0  4  4  9  27  27	15%	
	Female	17	8	0	0	25	27%	
	Male	48	13	0	2	63	68%	
Candan	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	Count  3  1  4  1  41  0  13  29  53  25  14  25  63  0  1  0  3  0  4  4  9  27  27	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	1	0	0	0	1	1%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	1	2	0	0	Count  3  1  4  1  41  0  13  29  53  25  14  25  63  0  1  0  3  0  4  4  9  27  27	3%	
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	2	0	0	2	4	4%	
	25-29	4	0	0	0	4	4%	
Age	30-39	4	5	0	0	3 1 4 1 41 0 13 29 53 25 14 25 63 0 1 0 3 0 4 4 9 27 27	10%	
	40-49	19	8	0	0	27	29%	
	50-61	22	5	0	0	27	29%	
	62-69	12	0	0	0	12	13%	

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	4	5	0	0	9	10%
	Chronically Homeless	15		0		15	22%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	9		0		9	13%
	Veterans	3		0		3	4%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	6		0		6	9%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	4		0		4	6%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	6		0		6	9%
	Domestic Violence	10		0		10	15%
	Special Education	3		0		3	4%
	Alcohol Use	17		0		17	25%
	Drug Use	13		0		13	19%
	Ongoing Health Problems	20		0		20	30%
	PTSD	8		0		8	12%
	Mental Health Conditions	13		0		13	19%
	Physical Disability	16		0		16	24%
	Developmental Disability	6		0		6	9%
	Brain Injury	10		0		10	15%
Totals		67	23	0	2	92	6%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - JURUPA VALLEY

		Genera	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	4	0	0	0	4	2%	
	Asian	1	0	0	0	1	1%	
	Black or African American	9	2	0	0	11	7%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	White	63	13	0	0	76	45%	
	Multiple Races	3	0	0	0	3	2%	
	Don't Know or Refused	1	56	0	0	Count  4  1  11  0  76	34%	
	Blank	12	4	0	0		10%	
	Hispanic	22	3	0	0	25	4%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	62	15	0	0	77	46%	
	Blank	9	57	0	0	Count  4  1  11  0  76  3  57  16  25  77  66  49  77  0  0  42  0  0  7  11  16  32  36	39%	
	Female	37	12	0	0	49	29%	
	Male	56	21	0	0	77	46%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	Count  4  1  11  0  76  3  57  16  25  77  66  49  77  0  0  42  0  0  7  11  16  32  36	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	42	0	0	42	25%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	Count  4  1  11  0  76  3  57  16  25  77  66  49  77  0  0  42  0  0  7  11  16  32  36	0%	
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	4	3	0	0	7	4%	
	25-29	10	1	0	0	11	7%	
Age	30-39	15	1	0	0	76 3 57 16 25 77 66 49 77 0 0 42 0 0 7 11 16 32 36	10%	
	40-49	20	12	0	0	32	19%	
	50-61	34	2	0	0	36	21%	
	62-69	5	2	0	0	7	4%	

	70-79	0	1	0	0	1	1%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	5	54	0	0	59	35%
	Chronically Homeless	32		0		32	34%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	9		0		9	10%
	Veterans	3		0		3	3%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	12		0		12	13%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	3		0		3	3%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	17		0		17	18%
	Domestic Violence	27		0		27	29%
	Special Education	10		0		10	11%
	Alcohol Use	43		0		43	46%
	Drug Use	45		0		45	48%
	Ongoing Health Problems	25		0		25	27%
	PTSD	20		0		20	22%
	Mental Health Conditions	32		0		32	34%
	Physical Disability	27		0		27	29%
	Developmental Disability	14		0		14	15%
	Brain Injury	13		0		13	14%
Totals			75	0	0	168	11%

### 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - LA QUINTA

Field		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	1	0	0	0	1	10%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	6	2	0	0	8	80%
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	1	0	0	0	Count  0  0  1  0  8  0	10%
	Hispanic	1	0	0	0	1	0%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	7	2	0	0	9	90%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	Count  0 0 1 0 8 0 0 1 1 9 0 3 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 4	0%
	Female	2	1	0	0	3	30%
	Male	6	1	0	0	7	70%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	Count  0 0 1 0 8 0 0 1 1 9 0 3 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 4	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	Count  0  0  1  0  8  0  1  1  9  0  3  7  0  0  0  0  0  1  1  4	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0		0%
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	25-29	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Age	30-39	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	40-49	1	0	0	0	1	10%
	50-61	4	0	0	0	4	40%
	62-69	1	1	0	0	2	20%

	70-79	2	1	0	0	3	30%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	4		0		4	50%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	1		0		1	13%
	Veterans	1		0		1	13%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	5		0		5	63%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	1		0		1	13%
	Domestic Violence	1		0		1	13%
	Special Education	2		0		2	25%
	Alcohol Use	4		0		4	50%
	Drug Use	2		0		2	25%
	Ongoing Health Problems	1		0		1	13%
	PTSD	0		0		0	0%
	Mental Health Conditions	4		0		4	50%
	Physical Disability	5		0		5	63%
	Developmental Disability	2		0		2	25%
	Brain Injury	2		0		2	25%
Totals		8	2	0	0	10	1%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - LAKE ELSINORE

		Genera	al PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	2	1	0	0	3	6%	
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Black or African American	0	1	0	0	1	2%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	White	38	4	2	0	44	86%	
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	1	0	0	0	1	2%	
	Blank	2	0	0	0	2	4%	
	Hispanic	6	0	0	0	6	1%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	37	6	2	0	45	88%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Female	17	1	1	0	19	37%	
	Male	25	5	1	0	31	61%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	1	0	0	0	1	2%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	17 or under	1	0	0	0	1	2%	
	18-24	6	0	2	0	8	16%	
	25-29	2	2	0	0	4	8%	
Age	30-39	6	0	0	0	6	12%	
	40-49	14	2	0	0	16	31%	
	50-61	12	1	0	0	13	25%	
	62-69	1	1	0	0	2	4%	

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	Chronically Homeless	18		2		20	44%
	Families with Children	5		0		5	11%
	Depression	n/a		1		1	50%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		1		1	50%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		1		0	50%
	Recently Released	13		n/a		13	30%
	Veterans	4		0		4	9%
	Veterans Benefits	1		0		1	2%
	Disability Benefits	7		1		8	18%
	Foster Care	n/a		2		2	100%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	7		1		8	18%
	Domestic Violence	10		0		10	22%
	Special Education	6		n/a		6	14%
	Alcohol Use	17		0		17	38%
	Drug Use	22		1		23	51%
	Ongoing Health Problems	6		0		6	13%
	PTSD	7		2		9	20%
	Mental Health Conditions	13		2		15	33%
	Physical Disability	12		0		12	27%
	Developmental Disability	4		2		6	13%
	Brain Injury	6		0		6	13%
Totals		43	6	2	0	51	3%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - MENIFEE

		Genera	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	0	0	1	6%	
	Asian	0	1	0	0	1	6%	
	Black or African American	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	White	7	7	0	0	14	88%	
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Hispanic	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	7	4	0	0	11	69%	
	Blank	1	4	0	0	5	31%	
	Female	1	3	0	0	4	25%	
	Male	7	5	0	0	12	75%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	0	1	0	0	1	6%	
	25-29	0	1	0	0	1	6%	
Age	30-39	2	0	0	0	2	13%	
	40-49	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	50-61	4	4	0	0	8	50%	
	62-69	1	0	0	0	1	6%	

	70-79	0	1	0	0	1	6%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	1	1	0	0	2	13%
	Chronically Homeless	3		0		3	38%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	3		0		3	38%
	Veterans	1		0		1	13%
	Veterans Benefits	1		0		1	13%
	Disability Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	1		0		1	13%
	Domestic Violence	1		0		1	13%
	Special Education	1		0		1	13%
	Alcohol Use	6		0		6	75%
	Drug Use	2		0		2	25%
	Ongoing Health Problems	4		0		4	50%
	PTSD	1		0		1	13%
	Mental Health Conditions	2		0		2	25%
	Physical Disability	2		0		2	25%
	Developmental Disability	0		0		0	0%
	Brain Injury	0		0		0	0%
Totals		8	8	0	0	16	1%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - MORENO VALLEY

		Genera	I PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	6	7	0	0	13	21%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	White	19	14	0	0	33	54%
	Multiple Races	3	0	0	0	3	5%
	Don't Know or Refused	3	3	0	0	6	10%
	Blank	4	0	0	0	4	7%
	Hispanic	12	3	0	0	15	25%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	21	19	0	0	40	66%
	Blank	4	2	0	0	6	10%
	Female	7	2	0	0	9	15%
	Male	29	21	0	0	50	82%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	1	0	0	1	2%
	Blank	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	18-24	2	1	0	0	3	5%
	25-29	5	3	0	0	8	13%
Age	30-39	8	4	0	0	12	20%
	40-49	4	9	0	0	13	21%
	50-61	9	3	0	0	12	20%
	62-69	4	2	0	0	6	10%

	70-79	1	1	0	0	2	3%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	4	1	0	0	5	8%
	Chronically Homeless	15		0		15	41%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	8		0		8	22%
	Veterans	3		0		3	8%
	Veterans Benefits	2		0		2	5%
	Disability Benefits	5		0		5	14%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	1		0		1	3%
	Domestic Violence	5		0		5	14%
	Special Education	1		0		1	3%
	Alcohol Use	15		0		15	41%
	Drug Use	8		0		8	22%
	Ongoing Health Problems	7		0		7	19%
	PTSD	3		0		3	8%
	Mental Health Conditions	7		0		7	19%
	Physical Disability	9		0		9	24%
	Developmental Disability	5		0		5	14%
	Brain Injury	3		0		3	8%
2015 Totals		37	24	0	0	61	4%

		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 201	5 Unsheltered
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	0	4	0	0	4	80%
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	1	0	0	1	20%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Hispanic	0	2	0	0	2	40%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	0	3	0	0	3	60%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Female	0	1	0	0	1	20%
	Male	0	4	0	0	4	80%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	1	0	0	1	20%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	25-29	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Age	30-39	0	2	0	0	2	40%
	40-49	0	2	0	0	2	40%
	50-61	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	62-69	0	0	0	0	0	0%

	70-79	0	1	0	0	1	20%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	0		0		0	0%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	0		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	0		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	0		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	0		0		0	0%
	Veterans	0		0		0	0%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Foster Care	0		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	0		0		0	0%
	Domestic Violence	0		0		0	0%
	Special Education	0		0		0	0%
	Alcohol Use	0		0		0	0%
	Drug Use	0		0		0	0%
	Ongoing Health Problems	0		0		0	0%
	PTSD	0		0		0	0%
	Mental Health Conditions	0		0		0	0%
	Physical Disability	0		0		0	0%
	Developmental Disability	0		0		0	0%
	Brain Injury	0		0		0	0%
Totals		0	5	0	0	5	0%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - PALM DESERT

		Genera	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	10	6	0	0	16	100%
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Hispanic	1	0	0	0	1	0%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	9	6	0	0	15	94%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Female	3	0	0	0	3	19%
	Male	7	5	0	0	12	75%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	1	0	0	1	6%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	1	0	0	0	1	6%
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	25-29	1	1	0	0	2	13%
Age	30-39	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	40-49	2	2	0	0	4	25%
	50-61	6	3	0	0	9	1%
	62-69	0	0	0	0	0	0%

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	1		0		1	10%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	1		0		1	10%
	Veterans	2		0		2	20%
	Veterans Benefits	1		0		1	10%
	Disability Benefits	4		0		4	40%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	1		0		1	10%
	Domestic Violence	3		0		3	30%
	Special Education	3		0		3	30%
	Alcohol Use	7		0		7	70%
	Drug Use	5		0		5	50%
	Ongoing Health Problems	4		0		4	40%
	PTSD	5		0		5	50%
	Mental Health Conditions	7		0		7	70%
	Physical Disability	8		0		8	80%
	Developmental Disability	3		0		3	30%
	Brain Injury	0		0		0	0%
Totals		10	6	0	0	16	1%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - PALM SPRINGS

		Genera	I PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	3	0	0	0	3	3%
	Asian	2	0	0	0	2	2%
	Black or African American	3	7	0	3	13	11%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	2	0	0	0	2	2%
	White	49	26	3	0	78	66%
	Multiple Races	1	0	0	0	1	1%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	13	0	0	13	11%
	Blank	3	3	0	0	6	5%
	Hispanic	11	4	0	1	16	2%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	51	28	2	2	83	70%
	Blank	1	17	1	0	19	16%
	Female	21	8	0	0	29	25%
	Male	42	30	1	3	76	64%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	8	0	0	8	7%
	Blank	0	3	2	0	5	4%
	17 or under	2	1	0	0	3	3%
	18-24	0	0	3	3	6	5%
	25-29	3	3	0	0	6	5%
Age	30-39	5	7	0	0	12	10%
	40-49	16	11	0	0	27	23%
	50-61	25	13	0	0	38	32%
	62-69	6	3	0	0	9	8%

	70-79	3	0	0	0	3	3%
	80+	0	1	0	0	1	1%
	Blank	3	10	0	0	13	11%
	Chronically Homeless	25		1		26	39%
	Families with Children	5		0		5	8%
	Depression	n/a		2		2	67%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		2		2	67%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		2		2	67%
	Recently Released	12		n/a		12	19%
	Veterans	7		2		9	14%
	Veterans Benefits	3		0		3	5%
	Disability Benefits	21		0		21	32%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	2		0		2	3%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	21		2		23	35%
	Domestic Violence	15		0		15	23%
	Special Education	7		n/a		7	11%
	Alcohol Use	27		0		27	41%
	Drug Use	14		0		14	21%
	Ongoing Health Problems	22		3		25	38%
	PTSD	9		2		11	17%
	Mental Health Conditions	24		2		26	39%
	Physical Disability	20		3		23	35%
	Developmental Disability	11		0		11	17%
	Brain Injury	12		0		12	18%
Totals		63	49	3	3	118	7%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - PERRIS

		Genera	al PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	3	0	0	0	3	6%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	12	4	0	0	16	31%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	White	16	3	0	0	19	37%
	Multiple Races	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	4	3	0	0	7	13%
	Blank	3	3	0	0	6	12%
	Hispanic	10	4	0	0	14	2%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	18	7	0	0	25	48%
	Blank	11	2	0	0	13	25%
	Female	13	4	0	0	17	33%
	Male	25	7	0	0	32	62%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	1	0	0	0	1	2%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	2	0	0	2	4%
	17 or under	1	0	0	0	1	2%
	18-24	4	2	0	0	6	12%
	25-29	3	1	0	0	4	8%
Age	30-39	8	3	0	0	11	21%
	40-49	7	4	0	0	11	21%
	50-61	13	1	0	0	14	27%
	62-69	3	0	0	0	3	6%

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	2	0	0	2	4%
	Chronically Homeless	14		0		14	36%
	Families with Children	3		0		3	8%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	9		0		9	23%
	Veterans	2		0		2	5%
	Veterans Benefits	1		0		1	3%
	Disability Benefits	5		0		5	13%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	11		0		11	28%
	Domestic Violence	13		0		13	33%
	Special Education	5		0		5	13%
	Alcohol Use	19		0		19	49%
	Drug Use	17		0		17	44%
	Ongoing Health Problems	8		0		8	21%
	PTSD	7		0		7	18%
	Mental Health Conditions	12		0		12	31%
	Physical Disability	9		0		9	23%
	Developmental Disability	4		0		4	10%
	Brain Injury	4		0		4	10%
Totals		39	13	0	0	52	3%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - RANCHO MIRAGE

		Genera	I PIT Count	You	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Asian	1	0	0	0	1	17%	
	Black or African American	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	White	3	0	0	0	3	50%	
	Multiple Races	1	0	0	0	1	17%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	1	0	0	1	17%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Hispanic	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	5	0	0	0	5	83%	
	Blank	0	1	0	0	1	17%	
	Female	1	0	0	0	1	17%	
	Male	5	1	0	0	6	100%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	25-29	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Age	30-39	1	1	0	0	2	33%	
	40-49	1	0	0	0	1	17%	
	50-61	2	0	0	0	2	33%	
	62-69	1	0	0	0	1	17%	

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	2		0		2	40%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	0		0		0	0%
	Veterans	0		0		0	0%
	Veterans Benefits	1		0		1	20%
	Disability Benefits	1		0		1	20%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	2		0		2	40%
	Domestic Violence	2		0		2	40%
	Special Education	1		0		1	20%
	Alcohol Use	4		0		4	80%
	Drug Use	0		0		0	0%
	Ongoing Health Problems	2		0		2	40%
	PTSD	4		0		4	80%
	Mental Health Conditions	2		0		2	40%
	Physical Disability	3		0		3	60%
	Developmental Disability	3		0		3	60%
	Brain Injury	4		0		4	80%
Totals		5	1	0	0	6	0%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - RIVERSIDE

		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	7	1	0	0	8	2%
	Asian	0	4	1	0	5	1%
	Black or African American	31	21	11	3	66	17%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	147	57	16	11	231	58%
	Multiple Races	5	0	2		7	2%
	Don't Know or Refused	15	33	1	2	51	13%
	Blank	13	5	6	7	31	8%
	Hispanic	74	18	7	9	108	16%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	137	52	20	13	222	56%
	Blank	7	51	10	1	69	17%
	Female	54	23	13	9	99	25%
	Male	161	87	21	14	283	71%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	1	0	1	0	2	1%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	9	0	0	9	2%
	Blank	2	2	2	0	6	2%
	17 or under	2	0	0	1	3	1%
	18-24	12	6	17	17	52	13%
	25-29	12	16	3	1	32	8%
Age	30-39	42	28	9	0	79	20%
	40-49	56	23	1	1	81	20%
	50-61	68	23	2	0	93	23%
	62-69	11	8	0	1	20	5%

	70-79	4	1	0	0	5	1%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	11	16	5	2	34	9%
	Chronically Homeless	93		21		114	45%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		10		10	27%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		5		0	14%
	Recently Released	51		n/a		51	23%
	Veterans	24		3		27	11%
	Veterans Benefits	14		2		16	6%
	Disability Benefits	46		1		47	18%
	Foster Care	n/a		8		8	22%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	7		1		8	3%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	58		7		65	25%
	Domestic Violence	58		3		61	24%
	Special Education	28		n/a		28	13%
	Alcohol Use	103		7		110	43%
	Drug Use	63		3		66	26%
	Ongoing Health Problems	73		4		77	30%
	PTSD	36		3		39	15%
	Mental Health Conditions	75		8		83	33%
	Physical Disability	62		3		65	25%
	Developmental Disability	32		10	]	42	16%
	Brain Injury	39		2		41	16%
Totals		218	121	37	23	399	25%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - SAN JACINTO

		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered	
Field	Response Options	lukam da	Observational	latamia	Observational	10tai 201	5 Unsneiterea
		Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Black or African American	1	0	0	0	1	8%
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	White	5	5	0	0	10	83%
	Multiple Races	1	0	0	0	1	8%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Hispanic	0	1	0	0	1	0%
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	7	4	0	0	11	92%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Female	2	1	0	0	3	25%
	Male	5	4	0	0	9	75%
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	18-24	0	0	0	0	0	0%
A.c.o	25-29	1	0	0	0	1	8%
Age	30-39	2	1	0	0	3	25%
	40-49	2	0	0	0	2	17%
	50-61	2	4	0	0	6	50%

	62-69	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Chronically Homeless	5		0		5	71%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	1		0		1	14%
	Veterans	0		0		0	0%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	2		0		2	29%
	Domestic Violence	3		0		3	43%
	Special Education	2		0		2	29%
	Alcohol Use	2		0		2	29%
	Drug Use	4		0		4	57%
	Ongoing Health Problems	3		0		3	43%
	PTSD	5		0		5	71%
	Mental Health Conditions	6		0		6	86%
	Physical Disability	1		0		1	14%
	Developmental Disability	1		0		1	14%
	Brain Injury	2		0		2	29%
Totals		7	5	0	0	12	1%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - TEMECULA

		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1	0	0	0	1	2%	
	Asian	1	0	0	0	1	2%	
	Black or African American	1	0	0	0	1	2%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	White	22	5	0	0	27	64%	
	Multiple Races	0	2	0	0	2	5%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	1	0	0	1	2%	
	Blank	8	1	0	0	9	21%	
	Hispanic	8	2	0	0	10	2%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	23	5	0	0	28	67%	
	Blank	2	2	0	0	4	10%	
	Female	2	1	0	0	3	7%	
	Male	5	6	0	0	11	26%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	1	0	0	1	2%	
	Blank	26	1	0	0	27	64%	
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	4	1	0	0	5	12%	
	25-29	5	1	0	0	6	14%	
Age	30-39	3	1	0	0	4	10%	
	40-49	5	1	0	0	6	14%	
	50-61	10	3	0	0	13	31%	
	62-69	5	0	0	0	5	12%	

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	1	2	0	0	3	7%
	Chronically Homeless	5		0		5	15%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	9		0		9	27%
	Veterans	3		0		3	9%
	Veterans Benefits	3		0		3	9%
	Disability Benefits	4		0		4	12%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	5		0		5	15%
	Domestic Violence	4		0		4	12%
	Special Education	1		0		1	3%
	Alcohol Use	19		0		19	58%
	Drug Use	15		0		15	45%
	Ongoing Health Problems	7		0		7	21%
	PTSD	3		0		3	9%
	Mental Health Conditions	4		0		4	12%
	Physical Disability	7		0		7	21%
	Developmental Disability	1		0		1	3%
	Brain Injury	3		0		3	9%
Totals		33	9	0	0	42	3%

# 2015 Unsheltered Homeless Count Overall and Subpopulation Data - WILDOMAR

		Genera	I PIT Count	Yout	th Count	Total 2015 Unsheltered		
Field	Response Options	Interview	Observational	Interview	Observational	Count	Percent	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Asian	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Black or African American	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Race	Native Hawaiian, Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	White	9	0	0	0	9	90%	
	Multiple Races	1	0	0	0	1	10%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Hispanic	1	0	0	0	1	0%	
Ethnicity	Not Hispanic	8	0	0	0	8	80%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Female	1	0	0	0	1	10%	
	Male	9	0	0	0	9	90%	
	Transgender (Male to Female)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
Gender	Transgender (Female to Male)	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Don't Know or Refused	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	Blank	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	17 or under	0	0	0	0	0	0%	
	18-24	2	0	0	0	2	20%	
	25-29	2	0	0	0	2	20%	
Age	30-39	1	0	0	0	1	10%	
	40-49	1	0	0	0	1	10%	
	50-61	3	0	0	0	3	30%	
	62-69	0	0	0	0	0	0%	

	70-79	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	80+	0	0	0	0	0	0%
	Blank	1	0	0	0	1	10%
	Chronically Homeless	4		0		4	40%
	Families with Children	0		0		0	0%
	Depression	n/a		0		0	0%
	Minor Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Adult Justice Involvement	n/a		0		0	0%
	Recently Released	3		0		3	30%
	Veterans	1		0		1	10%
	Veterans Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Disability Benefits	0		0		0	0%
	Foster Care	n/a		0		0	0%
	HIV Positive/AIDS	0		0		0	0%
Subpopulations	Physical, Sexual, Emotional Abuse	2		0		2	20%
	Domestic Violence	0		0		0	0%
	Special Education	1		0		1	10%
	Alcohol Use	2		0		2	20%
	Drug Use	4		0		4	40%
	Ongoing Health Problems	1		0		1	10%
	PTSD	2		0		2	20%
	Mental Health Conditions	2		0		2	20%
	Physical Disability	1		0		1	10%
	Developmental Disability	2		0		2	20%
	Brain Injury	1		0		1	10%
Totals		10	0	0	0	10	1%